

# User Manual

Optical Fiber Arc Fusion Splicer

*SWIFT F3*

Operate Swift F3 after carefully  
reading this manual.

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## I . Notes for users

Swift F3 has been designed to assure an easy and convenient operation in both indoor and outdoor work conditions; however, users need to carefully read this user manual prior to operating this machine in order to prevent any accidents, or damage to the equipment. This easy-and-simple-use machine contains potential risks for harm or injury. This user manual provides users with information and tips for safe splicing operation.

- Keep this user manual along with equipment at all times.

Ilsintech co. ltd is not liable for any personal injury, physical loss and damage to equipment caused by inappropriate use or modification of the equipment.

### Warning

Please, turn off the power of equipment and contact the manufacturer if any of below mentioned incidents occurs while operating the machine.

- Fumes, bad odor, noise or overheating occurs,
- Liquid or foreign substances falls into the cabinet, or
- Arc fusion splicer is dropped or damaged.

Use only the AC power cord provided by the manufacturer. Using an improper AC power cord may cause fire, electric shock or equipment damage resulting in personal injury.

Do not touch electrodes when the power of F3 is turned on; high voltage and heat generated from the electrodes can cause severe electric shock or burns.

Connect AC power cord to the designated electric charger and power outlet. When connecting the AC plug, make sure that there is no dust or foreign matter on the terminal.

Incomplete engagement of the cord may cause fumes, electric shock, fire or equipment damage resulting in personal injury or death.

## Warning

Apply correct voltage. The input AC power of the charger is AC 100-240V and 50-60Hz.

Examine the input AC power before applying because improper frequency AC power could result in electric shock, equipment breakage, serious injury or death. Excessive electrical current or frequency is often generated by an AC generator. The AC output voltage should be examined by a circuit tester prior to being applied to the equipment. Since improperly high voltage and frequency could cause a serious injury, electric shock, death or damage to the equipment, an examination should be carried out in a regular manner.

Do not excessively pull on, heat or amend the AC power cable. The use of damaged power cable may cause fire or injury.

---

Always connect to 3-core AC power cord. Do not use 2-core AC power cord, cable and plug.

---

Do not touch AC plug, AC power cable or arc fusion splicer with a wet hand. It could result in electric shock.

---

Do not disassemble AC adapter, battery or the unit. Transforming or modification of F3 unit could cause fire, electric shock or injury.

When using an external battery, follow the instructions below;

- The use of inadequate external battery may cause fumes or damage to the equipment and, in serious cases, it could result in burn, injury or death.
- Do not discard the battery into a trash incinerator or fire.
- Do not charge or discharge the battery near a flame or blaze.
- Do not excessively shake or physically impact the battery.
- If a battery is not fully charged or green LED is not turned on in six hours, immediately stop charging and ask Ilsintech to repair.

Do not place any object on the AC adaptor during charging.

---

Use F3-2 charger and F3-B battery pack exclusively designed for the equipment. The use of other battery pack may cause fumes, burn, damaged to the unit, injury or death.

## Warning

Use the battery charger (F3-2) which has been designed for the unit.  
Do not apply different AC power.

---

Do not make a short circuit of battery (F3-B) or the terminals of the charger.  
Excessive electrical current may cause personal injury and equipment damage.

---

Do not use F3 splicer in an environment in which flammable liquids or hazardous gas exists. The electric arc of the arc fusion splicer may cause fire or explosion.

---

Do not clean F3 with compressed air or compressed gas.

---

Check the condition of belt if there is any damaged or worn out area before transporting the carrier case using the belt. If the carrier case is dropped due to worn out belt, it could damage the unit or people could get hurt.

---

Wear safety goggles always during operating the arc fusion splicer. If fiber fragments come into contact with the eye or skin, it could be extremely dangerous

---

Do not operate the unit in or near a place where temperature is too high.  
It could result in injury or damage to the equipment.

---

The heat oven reaches high temperatures so extreme caution should be used when operating.  
Please keep hands and other objects away when in use.

---

Operators are required not to touch the tip of the cleaving blade in order to prevent hand injuries.

---



: Hot!



: No Freon Gas

## Warning

Do not touch protection sleeve or tube-heater during heating or immediately after completion of heating. Their surfaces are very hot and touching these may result in burn.

---

Do not place F3 in an unstable place. The unit may fall, causing personal injury or equipment damage.

---

F3 needs to be precisely adjusted and aligned. Do not allow the unit to receive a strong impact. Use supplied carrying case for transportation and storage. The carrying case protects the arc fusion splicer from damage, moisture, shake and shock during storage and transportation.

---

Maintain the electrodes as instructed below;

- Use only specified electrodes.
- Place new electrodes in the correct position.
- Replace the electrodes as a pair.

If a user fails to follow the above instructions, it may cause abnormal arc-discharge, resulting in equipment damage or degradation in splicing performance.

---

Use pure ethyl alcohol (96% or greater) to clean the objective lens, V-groove, mirror, LCD monitor, body, etc of the unit. Otherwise blurring, discoloration, damage or performance deterioration may occur.

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F3 requires no lubrication. The use of oil or grease may degrade the splicing performance and damage the equipment.

---

Do not store the arc fusion splicer in a place where temperature or humidity is extremely high. Equipment failure may occur.

---

The equipment's technical parts must be examined by a qualified technician or engineer, otherwise, it cause fire or electric shock. If any problems occur, ask Ilsintech for repair and maintenance.



## II. Product Specifications and Components

### 1. Product Specifications

Subject	Description
Alignment	Fixed V-Groove(Clad to clad)
Cladding Diameter	125 um
Coating Diameter	250 ~ 900 um
Average Splice Loss	0.03dB(SM), 0.02dB(MM), 0.06dB(NZDS, DS)
Splicing Time(Typical)	7sec
Heating Time	15sec(26mm), 20sec(40mm)
Sleeve Length	26mm, 40mm, 60mm
Tension Test	1.96(N)
Splice Memory	2000 data
Compatible Cable	0.25mm, 0.9mm, 2mm, 3mm, Indoor Cable
Dimension	140(W) x 179(L) x 87(H) mm
Weight	1.2Kg (Body 1.3Kg, Battery 120g x 2)
Power	DC Li-Polymer Battery, 100~240V AC Adapter
Additional Power	DC 12V automobile power adaptor available
Battery Capacity	1400 mAh x 2
No. of Splicing Heating With Battery	Typical 100 cycles(0.9mm fiber)
Operating Temp	-10°C ~ 50°C
Storage Temp	-40°C ~ 80°C

## 2. Product components



F3 Body



F3-B Battery Packs



F3-2 Charger



AC Cord



AC Adaptor

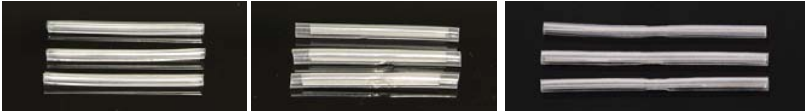
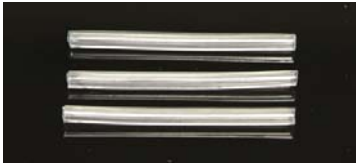



Bag



Carrying Case

### 3. Fiber Preparation

Type	0.25mm	0.9mm
Fiber protection sleeve	<u>Basic sleeve</u>  <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-top: 5px;"> <span>Length: 40mm</span> <span>Length: 28mm</span> <span>Length: 60mm</span> </div>	
	<u>Micro sleeve</u> Length: 20mm Length: 25mm Length: 34mm Length: 45mm 	
Fiber holder	<u>Fiber holder</u> <u>[Standard] (250/900)</u> Cleave length : 7mm (Fixed)	<u>Fiber holder</u> <u>[FTTH] (Connector)</u> Cleave length : 7mm (Fixed)
		

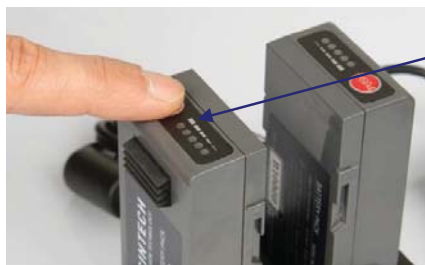
### III. Using Method

#### 1. Power Supply

Always use the removable high-performance battery provided with F3 by the manufacturer.

##### Battery charging

In order to charge the battery packs, apply power through the AC cord connecting the battery charger and AC power outlet. Charging starts when the red LED is turned on. The color of the LED is changed to green when the first stage charging is completed; however, charging should be continued until the green LED is turned off.



Charge indicating LED  
Red (when power is applied initially) →  
Green → Orange → Off



- Use only the charger and adaptor provided with the equipment.
- The battery packs of F3 (F3-B) has a protection circuit and function to prevent over discharge, over charge and overload. The power is cut off when protective function is activated.

In case of using AC power, apply AC power to SWIFT F3

through AC cord. The green light on the AC adaptor is turned when proper power is provided.

Make sure that the input voltage is not higher than 250V.









Do not use a charger other than the one that is supplied with the equipment; otherwise, there is a risk of accident including fire.

## Checking remaining battery capacity

The remaining capacity of a battery is indicated at the top right on the screen when F3 is in use..



Remaining battery capacity on screen	Remaining battery capacity on LED	Remaining battery percentage
 (5 bars)	5 LED	80 ~ 100%
 (4 bars)	4 LED	60 ~ 80%
 (3 bars)	3 LED	40 ~ 60%
 (2 bars)	2 LED	20 ~ 40%
 (1 bars)	1 LED	About 10%
 (No bar)	1 LED is blinking	Less than 5% (Need to immediately charge)

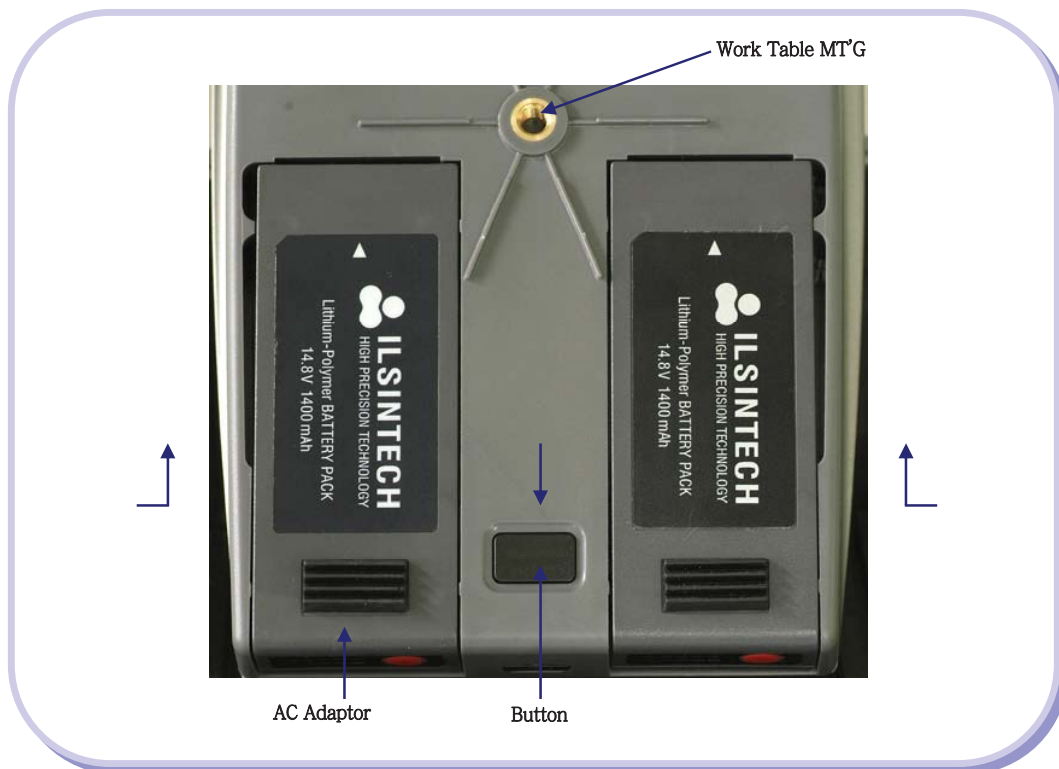
## Battery charging

- Place a battery pack into the battery charger to fit the position of F3-2's connector and connect AC adaptor.
- Keep charging until LED is turned off from red to green.

## 2. Installing Batteries in the Equipment

F3 allows using both high performance two batteries and DC adaptor at the same time.

### Battery installation



- 1 In order to mount a battery, push it up from the bottom of the body until it reaches the end of the body.
- 2 In order to detach a battery, push it toward the front of the body while pressing the button in the middle.



### 3. Use of Work Table (Chest Holder)

F3's Work Table is an accessory device, which can be used in combination with the body, to help on-site work such as manhole or telephone pole work.

Connect the fixing bolt of the work table to the female fixing screw placed at the bottom of the body.

Wear the belt over the neck and around the waist while using the equipment.

#### Work Table components





## IV. Product Features

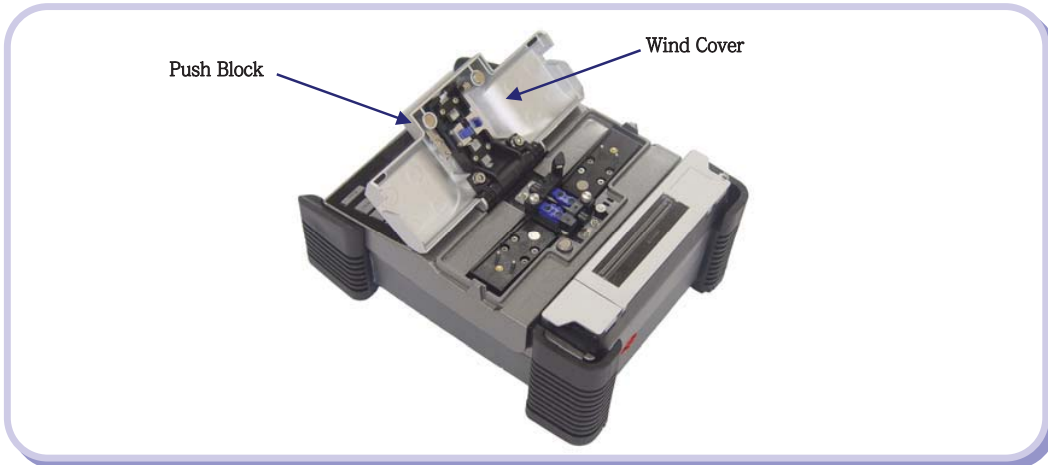
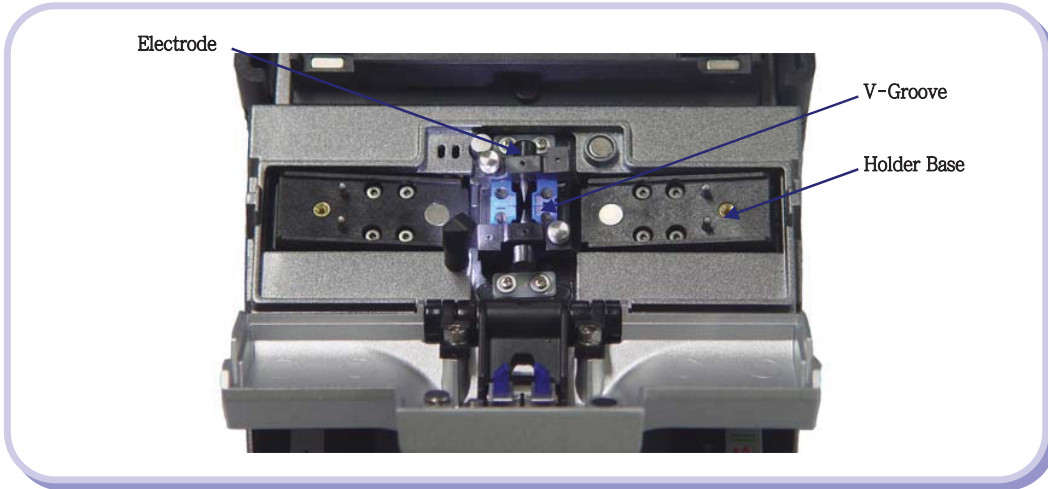
Fiber arc fusion splicer SWIFT F3 has been designed to splice various types of fiber based on DCA technology. F3 is compact, light and convenient and provides fast splicing result with and low splice loss. It is recommended to carefully read the user manual before operation to understand the entire functions of F3.

### 1. Body





## 2. F3 Splicer Parts



### 3. F3 Sleeve Heater

#### 1) Features

(1) The sleeve heater is designed to strengthen the fiber splice.

To ensure maximum reinforcement the following conditions must be met

- After splicing the fiber splice must be visually perfect
- The fiber and sleeve must be placed correctly in the heater, failure to place the sleeve and fiber in the correct position can result in incorrect heating and possible damage to the splice joint.
- When splicing, the heater cover cannot be left open, it must be in the fully closed position



- Be careful not to wet the equipment.
- Maintain the unit in a clean condition at all times because many of splicing problems are caused by dust or moisture.
- Keep and use the unit at room temperature as it could be deformed by heat.
- Keep the equipment from being shaken or physically impacted as it could be broken.
- Never use organic solvents such as acetone except alcohol to clean rubber part of the equipment.

#### 2) Specifications

Applicable Cable Diameter	$\Phi 250\mu\text{m}$ , $\Phi 900\mu\text{m}$ , $\Phi 2.0\text{mm} \sim \Phi 3.0\text{mm}$
Sleeve Length	32mm(standard)
Sleeving Time	20~35 sec
Heat Temp. Range	130 °C ~ 200 °C

### 3) Configuration and name of each part



### 1. Function buttons



Power ON & OFF switch.

The power is ON and red light is turned on at the small box beside the switch when it is pressed one time. If it is pressed one time when the power is ON, the red light is turned off and power is cut off.




Moves the cursor to the left direction.

When pressed on the initial screen, it darkens the brightness of monitor. In addition, fiber movement and camera focus can be adjusted in manual mode.



Moves the cursor to the right direction.

When pressed on the initial screen, it lightens the brightness of monitor.

It opens sub-menu when pressed when  is shown at the right side of the menu screen.



Moves the cursor to the top direction.

When it is pressed on the initial screen, popup menus appear on the screen.

Used in selecting menu items.



Moves the cursor to the bottom direction.

When it is pressed on the initial screen, popup menus appear.

Used in selecting menu items.



Enter key to finalize a series of settings.

Used to move to the next stage or complete edit settings.

Possible to choose main menus on the initial screen.



Used to cancel splicing or initialize the arc fusion function.



Supplies Low power to the heater of Sleeve device.

When it is pressed one time, power is applied and one more press cuts the power.



Used in splicing work.



Used for supplying power to sleeve heater.

When it is pressed one time, power is applied and one more press cuts the power.



Used for canceling a selection or edit setting, returning an executed function or moving to the previous step.

## 2. F3 Activation

Press power button 1 time.

Change to Ready (initial screen) after completing settings.



### Monitor brightness



In order to adjust brightness press left or right cursor key and press Enter.

### Splicing mode

A proper splicing mode needs to be selected to carry out an accurate splice. Current splicing mode is indicated on the initial screen.

### Heater mode

A proper heater mode to be selected to apply heat to the protection sleeve. Current heater mode is indicated on the initial screen.

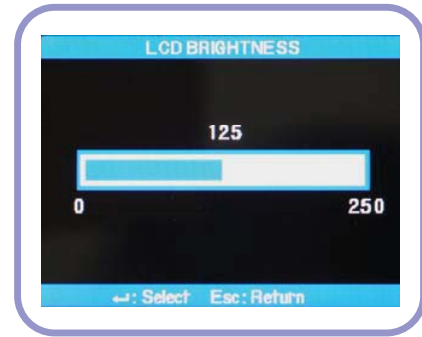
  Press  key in the initial screen to change splicing mode..

Both splicing and heater modes are presented on the main menu.

READY



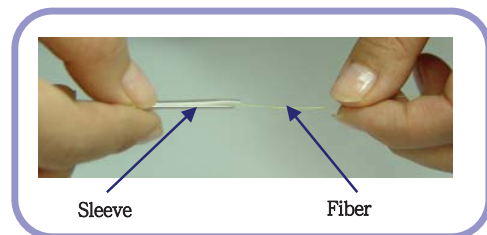
LCD BRIGHTNESS



Set up

## 3. Inserting optical fiber into the splice protection sleeve.

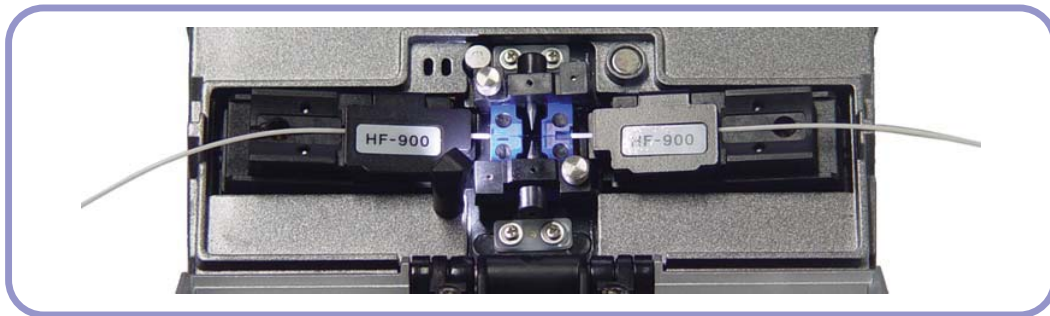
Insert the fiber into the protection sleeve.






#### 4. Placing the fiber onto arc fusion splicer

- 1 Open wind cover.
- 2 Place the holder containing the fiber which has been stripped, cleaned and cleaved onto the holder base in right direction.



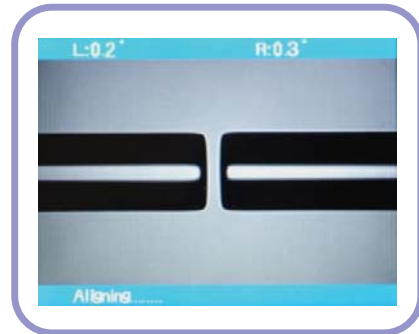
- If This instruction should be mentioned when first loading the fiber into the fiber holder.
- Be careful that the tip of the prepared fiber is not to be damaged by contacting other objects.

- 3 Carefully close the wind cover.
- 4 Start splicing by pressing  button when the alignment of the fiber is verified on the monitor.

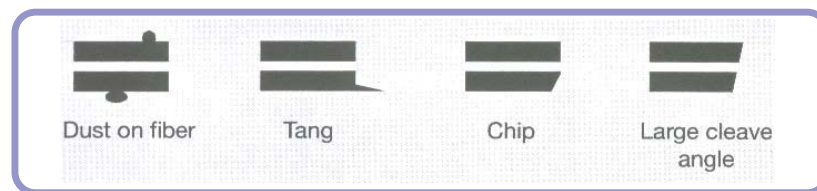
## 5. Splicing Procedure

The condition of the fiber can be observed through the image processing system of SWIFT F3. However, a naked eye test is required to ensure a better splicing result.

- 1 The fibers placed into the arc fusion splicer gradually move toward each other. The fibers which has been moving gradually stop at a position where splicing can be carried out accurately. Then, it checks the cleave angle, the cross section condition of optical fiber and the existence of foreign substance. An error message is presented on the screen if the measured cleave angle is bigger than pre-defined limit value or broken part is discovered.




At the same time, the splicing process is stopped. If such error message does not appear on the screen, check the condition of cross section through a naked eye inspection. Refer to below illustration. If one of below conditions is observed, remove the fiber from the equipment and place a new optical fiber. These conditions will cause a wrong splicing result.




- 2 The fibers of which inspection has been completed are arranged clad to clad. Measured clad values can be displaced on the screen.



- The limit value of optical fiber cleave angle can be adjusted.
- If you want to proceed to next stage, press  button despite the error message about cleave angle.
- The cleave angle, clad axis deviation and core axis deviation can be hidden on the screen during arc fusion splicing.

- 3 Once the alignment of fibers is completed, arc-discharge for splicing fibers is carried out.



Arc-discharge starts when  button is pressed after completing the alignment in case that the splicing is carried out step by step.

- 4 The splice loss value that is measured after arc fusion splicing is displayed on the screen. The value is affected by the condition of error elements.


Measured cleave angle or calculated splice loss value is bigger than pre-set limit value, an error message appears on the screen.



An error message is displayed on the screen when an abnormal condition in spliced fiber such as too thick or thin or bubbles is discovered. It is recommended to conduct the arc fusion splicing process again if the result observed by a naked eye inspection through the monitor is not satisfactory although no error message has appeared on the screen.



- Sometimes, spliced point looks fatter or bigger than other part. This is normal result of splicing and doesn't affect splice loss.
- Refer to Menu section of service manual to adjust the limit values of measured splice loss or cleave angle.

Sometimes, splice loss could be enhanced by conducting additional arc-discharge. Press  button to carry out additional arc-discharge. Calculating splice loss and checking splice result are carried out again.






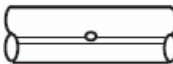





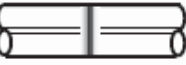
Occasionally, the result of additional arc-discharge could worsen splice loss. Additional arc-discharge can be set to OFF or the maximum number of additional arc-discharge can be set.



It is crucial to maintain V-groove in a clean condition prior to conducting splicing operation.

Splice loss increase: reasons and corrective measures.

Symptom	Caused by	Corrected by
Clad deviation 	dust in V-groove or the chip of core wire guide	cleaning V-groove or the chip of core wire guide
Clad angle 	dust in V-groove or the chip of core wire guide	cleaning V-groove or the chip of core wire guide
	bad condition of the cross section of fiber	checking whether fiber cleaver is working properly.
Clad deformation 	dust in V-groove or the chip of core wire guide	cleaning V-groove or the chip of core wire guide
Clad flexion 	bad condition of the cross section of fiber	checking whether fiber cleaver is working properly.
	too low amount or short time of initial arc-discharge	increasing the amount and time of initial arc-discharge.
Burning 	bad condition of the cross section of fiber	checking whether fiber cleaver is working properly.
	dust still remaining after cleaning the fiber or conducting cleaning discharge.	cleaning carefully the fiber or increasing the arc-discharge time.
Bubbles 	bad condition of the cross section of fiber	checking whether fiber cleaver is working properly.
	too low amount or short time of initial arc-discharge.	increasing the amount and (or) time of initial arc-discharge.
Separation 	too high amount or long time of initial arc-discharge.	increasing the area that is overlapped.
		decreasing the amount and (or) time of initial arc-discharge.

<p>Too thick</p> 	<p>too long fiber length.</p>	<p>reducing the length of duplicated area.</p>
<p>Too thin</p> 	<p>improper discharge amount.</p>	<p>conducting discharge amount calibration.</p>
	<p>a few improper discharge factors.</p>	<p>adjusting initial discharge amount, initial discharge time and overlapped area.</p>
<p>Line</p> 	<p>several number of improper discharge factors.</p>	<p>adjusting initial discharge amount, initial discharge time and overlapped area.</p>



When splicing multi-mode fibers or fibers with different diameters, sometimes, vertical lines appear on splicing point. However, it doesn't affect splice loss or splice quality including tensile strength.

### Saving splice result

Splice result can be saved by following procedure.

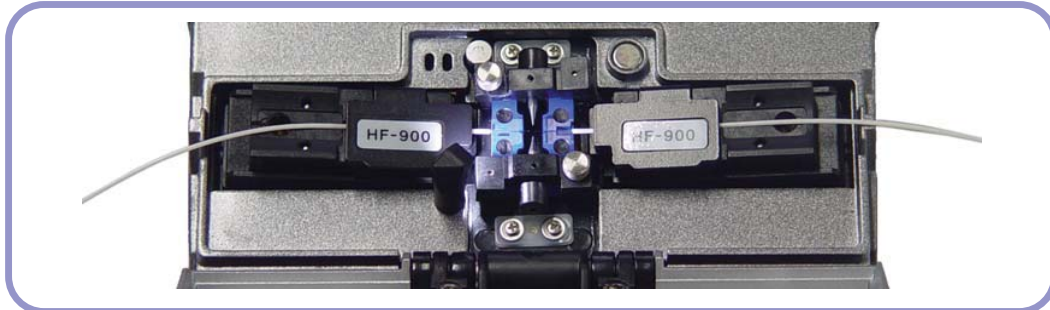


The result can be saved up 2000; 2001st result will overlap the 1st result.

### Automatic save of splice result; however, notes are not entered.

Splice result is automatically saved in the memory by pressing SET or RESET key or opening wind cover when splice is completed in the final screen.

## 6. Removing Spliced Fiber

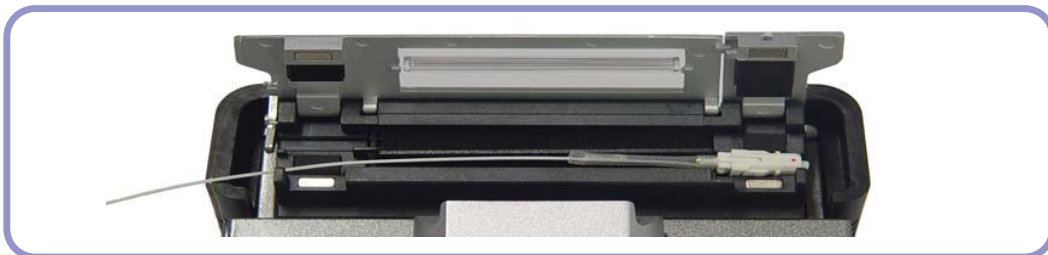


- 1 Open sleeve heater cover.
- 2 Open wind cover.
- 3 Take out the spliced fiber after opening right and left side holder covers.
- 4 carefully move the sleeve tube to the splicing part.



Hold the fiber until moving it to tube heater.

## 7. Placing a sleeve into the sleeve heater



- 1  $\Phi 250$  ,  $\Phi 900$  : Place sleeve tube in the middle of sleeve heater and fix it by pushing it down. Close heater cover.
- 2 Connector : Insert into the right side of the sleeve heater and close heater cover.

## 8. Heating Protection Sleeve

- 1 Place the fiber which has been inserted into protection sleeve into tube heater.





- 2 When placing the fiber, apply tensile strength toward bottom so that the heater cover can be closed automatically.



□ It is crucial to set the splice point to be in the middle of protection sleeve.

□ Place the guide inside the protection sleeve to be set underneath.

- 3 Press  or  key to start tube heating.  
HEAT LED (Green) is turned off when tube heating is completed.



Tube heating can be aborted by pressing  or  key.

- 4 Take out the protected fiber from the heater after opening the heater cover.



Protection sleeve could be stuck to the bottom of the heater. Use a cotton swab to separate the sleeve from the heater.

- 5 Always examine the final sleeve to check whether there are bubbles, residue or dust in the sleeve.

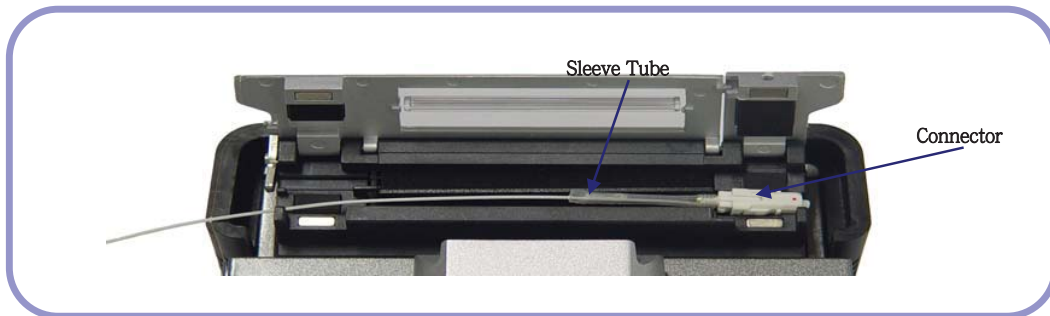


## More Informations

- 1 As shown in the picture below, apply power to the control panel and open the cover of the heater to prepare.



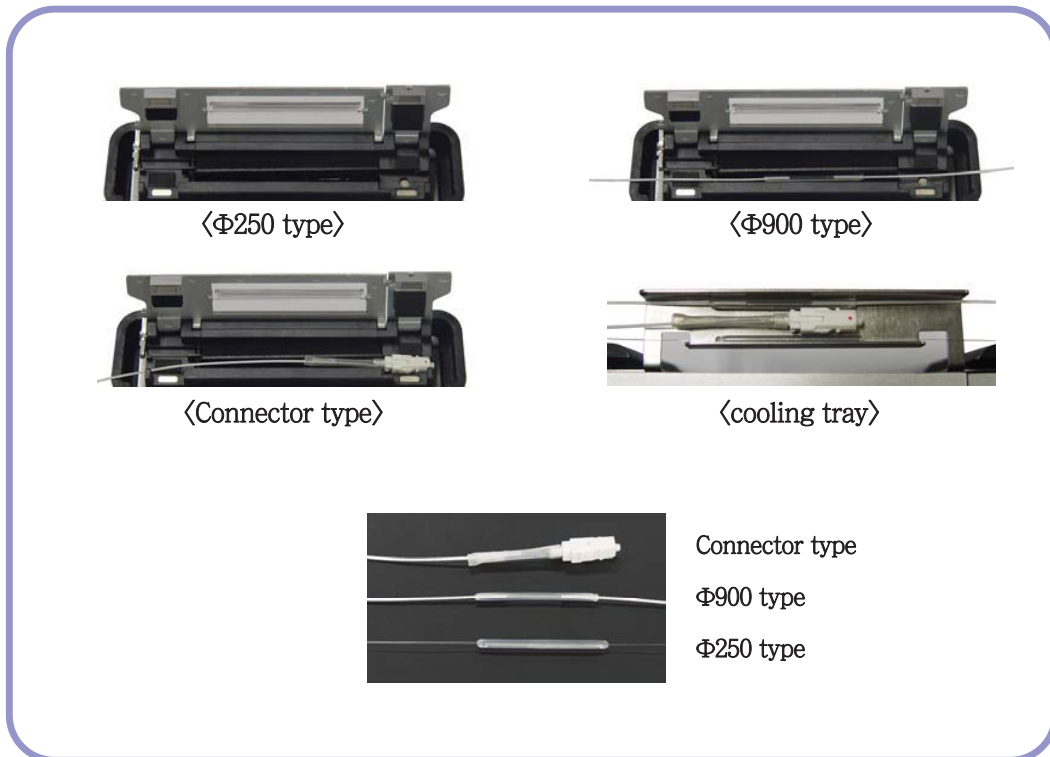
- 2 Set the sleeve tube to the area of arc-fused fiber that needs to be reinforced and place the fiber inside the heater.  
The connector type should be set to the right-most position so that sleeve tube moves the heater as closely as possible.



- 3 Activate the heater after placing the fiber. Cooling fan is run to cool the tube 20 seconds after heater activation.



- 4 Open the cover when cooling is completed and take out the reinforced fiber.



## VI. Splicer Maintenance

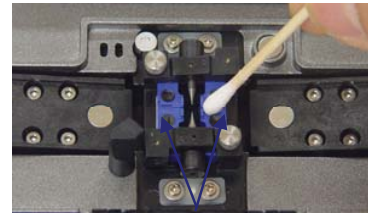
### 1. Cleaning and checking prior to splicing

Refer to following instruction on the important cleaning positions and maintenance.

#### V-groove cleaning

Foreign substances in the V-groove will hinder proper setting of fiber causing a high splice loss rate. Therefore, the condition of V-groove needs to be examined frequently and it should be cleaned in a regular manner. The way to clean V-groove is presented below.

- 1 Open wind cover.
- 2 Clean the bottom of V-groove with a cotton swab wet in alcohol. Remove remaining alcohol with a clean and dry cotton swab.



V-Groove



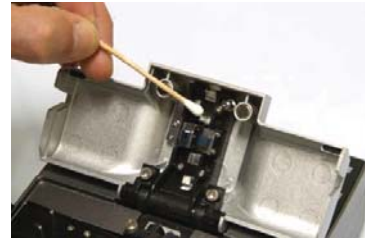
- Be careful not to touch the tip of electrode.
- Do not apply too much strength when cleaning V-groove. It could be damaged.

- 3 If foreign substance in V-groove cannot be removed with a cotton swab wet in alcohol, use the tip of cut optical fiber and repeat the second stage again.

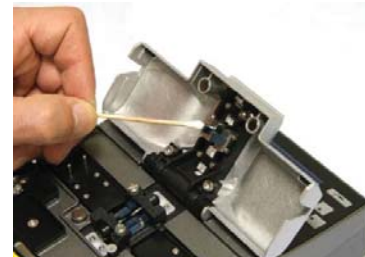
## Prism cleaning

A contaminated prism deteriorates the transparency of optic path and sets the clad position of optical fiber incorrectly causing a high splice loss rate. The prism can be cleaned as follows:

- 1 Clean the surface of the prism with a lens cleaner.  
Remove remaining alcohol on the surface of the prism with clean and dry cotton or cotton swab.



- 2 Wind cover prism should be maintained in a clear condition without lines or stains.



## 2. Regular maintenance and cleaning

In order to maintain a high splice quality of arc fusion splicer, inspection and cleaning should be carried out in a regular manner.

### Object lens cleaning

Stained surface of the object lenses will result in incorrect observation of the clad position causing a high splice loss rate and abnormal operation of the splicer. Therefore, two object lenses should be cleaned regularly. Otherwise, thick dust may not be removed. Clean the lenses as instructed below:

- 1 Turn off the power of the equipment before cleaning the lenses always.
- 2 Clean gently the surface of the lenses (X and Y axis) with a lens cleaner. In case of using a cotton swab, clean from the middle of a lens and move to the spiral edge by circling the surface. Remove remaining alcohol on the mirror surface with a clean and dry cotton.



- Remove electrodes prior to cleaning an object lens.
- Be careful not to touch the tip of electrode while cleaning an object lens.
- Do not use organic solvents such as acetone to clean an object lens.

- 3 The surface of lens should be maintained in a clear condition without lines or stains.
- 4 The surface condition should be checked on the monitor screen if there is any line or stain after turning on the machine. Verify the condition in X and Y screen by changing the screen by pressing X/Y key.

## Replacement of wind cover prism

If you cannot clean the surface of the prism or remove stains by cleaning, the prism needs to be replaced.

- 1 Turn off the power.
- 2 Open wind cover. Detach the prism with a phillips screwdriver.
- 3 Clean the prism.
- 4 Turn on the power and check whether there are lines or stains through the monitor screen. Verify the condition in X and Y screen by changing the screen by pressing X/Y key.

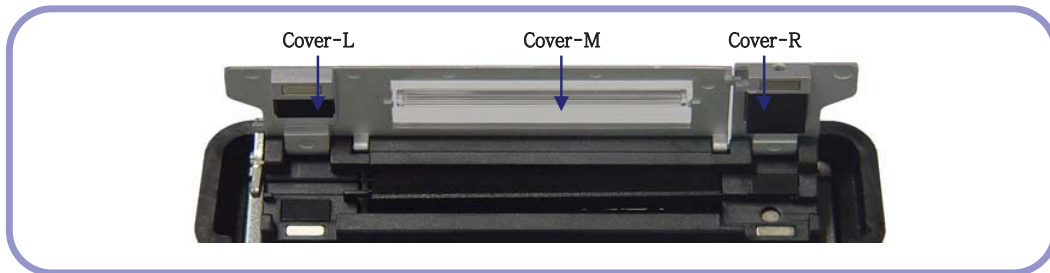


Be careful that the prism is not scratched or stained.

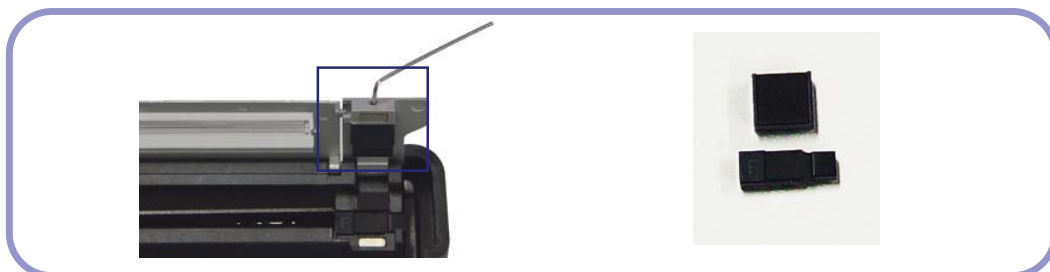
### 3. Sleeve Heater maintenance

#### (1) Replacement & Adjustment of Sleeve Heater Block, Lever Block

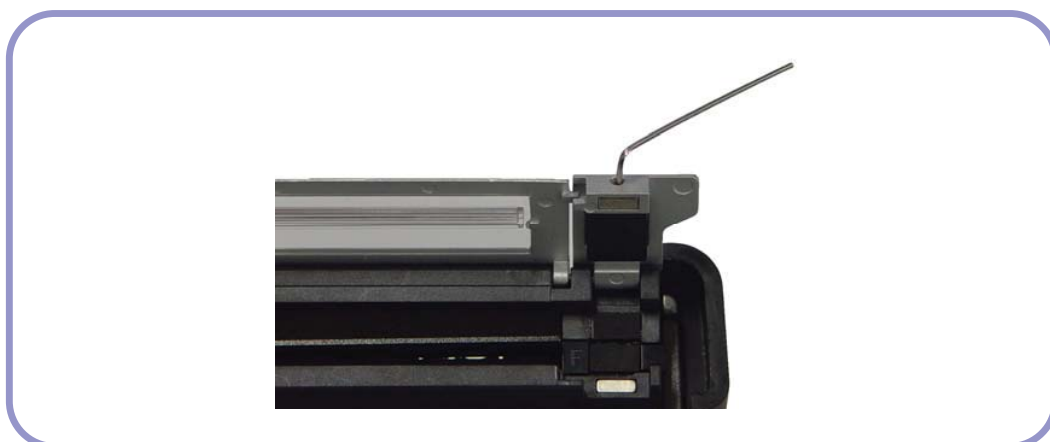
1 Sleeve Heater Assembly are as picture.



2 Disassemble and replace the Sleeve Heater Assembly with wrench as picture, as to fiber type.



3 Disassemble and replace the Lever Block of left/right side with wrench as picture, as to fiber type.



## (2) Handling and storage

- Be careful in using, handling or storing principal parts including blades, heater, etc as they are closely related to the life of the equipment.
- Do not apply unnecessarily weight or physical impact in handling the equipment.
- Keep the principal parts of the equipment in a clean condition always.
- Keep it clean and in a case when not using, which will increase the life of the equipment.



## VII. Menu

### 1. Splice Mode

The optimized settings for an accurate optical fiber splicing are composed of following splice elements which rely on the combination of fibers and differences of each fiber.

- Elements to adjust discharge and heating
- Elements to calculate estimated loss
- Elements to align fibers and adjust splicing process
- Limit values which are used for generating an error message


The optimized elements for the best splicing result have been already saved in the arc fusion splicer. These elements are saved in database from which they can be copied to user program part for use.

#### DATABASE

Splice Mode	Description
FERRULE SM/NE/ DS/MM	This mode automatically carries out optical fiber splicing based on the observation of the core profile of fibers. The adjustment of discharge amount by the user is not allowed.
SM	For the splice of basic single mode fibers. The value of MFD is 9~10um in 1310nm wavelength.
NZ	For the splice of NZDS and WDM optical fibers. The value of MFD is 9~10um in 1550nm wavelength.
DS	For the splice of DS optical fibers. The value of MFD is 7~9um in near 1550nm wavelength.
MM	For the splice of multi-mode optical fibers. Core diameter : 50.0 ~ 62.5um
AT1/AT2	Attenuation splice
Others	Splice modes other than mentioned above in database of the unit. New splice modes will be added. For more detailed information on available splice modes, please contact the manufacturer.

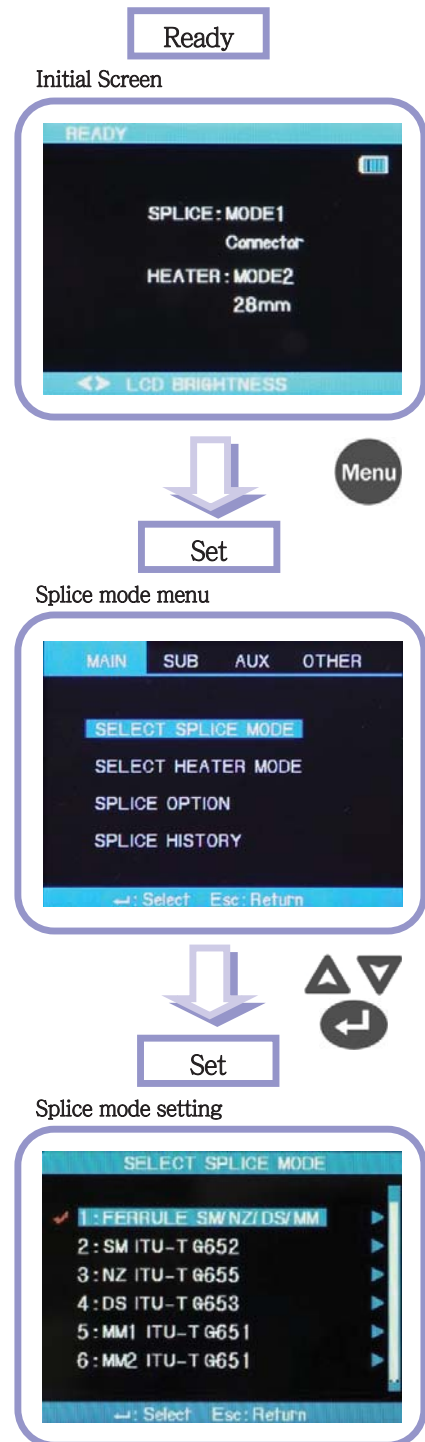
## Selection of splice mode

Select an appropriate splice based on the type of the optical fiber to be spliced.

- 1 Press  key on the initial screen to open menu  
When splice mode is selected, available splice modes are displayed.
- 2 Use up or down key to move and select a splice mode by pressing ENTER.



To leave Select Splice Mode, press ESC key.



## Generation or removal of a splice mode

### Generation of a splice mode

Initially 9 splice modes are saved in the unit and other modes are presented as a blank.

Select a blank splice mode, press right direction arrow and then, push ENTER. The types of fiber are displayed. Select one of them to copy. Press ENTER key two times to execute it. Check the name and type of the fiber in the designated splice mode and press ESC.

### Removal of a splice mode

A splice mode can be removed. Follow below instruction..

- 1 Select a splice mode and press right direction arrow to move to the edit menu of splice modes. Select the type of fiber by pressing ENTER.
- 2 Select "0:BLANK" and press ENTER.



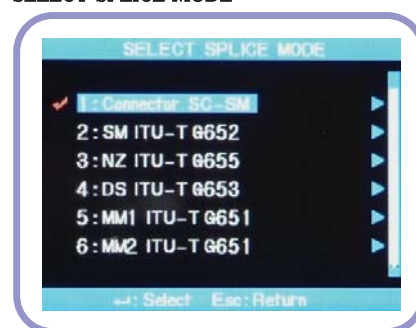
□ Mode number 1 ~ 9 cannot be deleted.

□ Mode number 1 is automatically selected after completing the removal of a splice mode.

Select BLANK in [SELECT SPLICE MODE]



SELECT SPLICE MODE

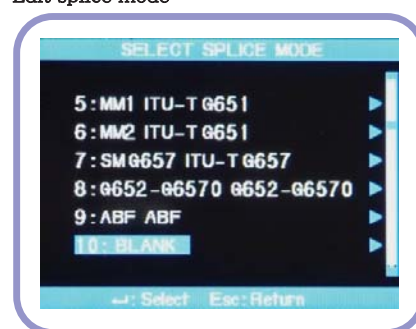


Set

Select the type of optical fiber in [SELECT SPLICE MODE]



Edit splice mode

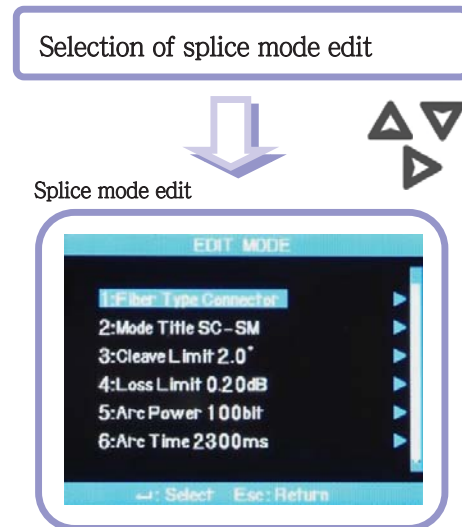


Mode removal

## Edit of reference or splice mode

Splice elements composing each splice mode can be modified. Amount and time of discharge, which are the most important two factors, can be modified by following way.

- 1 Move the cursor to modify a splice mode in splice mode edit menu. Press right direction arrow to open splice mode edit.
- 2 Move the cursor using up or down key to change elements.
- 3 Press ENTER to select an element and use left or right key to change the value of the element. Modified value can be saved by pressing ENTER.



Splice elements of AUTO, SM, DS, MM and NZ modes are presented as follows;

Limited number of elements as presented below is displayed on the screen in such modes as automatic, SM, DS, MM and NZ for the sake of a simple running. An adequate value is set in the factory for other elements which have not been shown on the screen.

Element	Description
Fiber type	Displays the list of splice modes saved in database. The mode selected among the modes saved in database is copied to the splice mode in the user's program region.
Splice method 1	The title of splice method is described in 11 characters.
Splice method 2	Detailed explanation of splice mode is described in 11 characters. Titles are presented in Splice Edit Mode
Cleave angle	An error message appears when the cleave angle of the right or left end of optical fiber is bigger than pre-defined limit value.
Loss rate	An error message appears when the estimated splice loss value is bigger than pre-defined limit value.
Discharge amount	The amount of arc discharge has been set to each mode.
Discharge time	The time of arch discharge has been set to each mode. It is automatically decided according to fiber type when automatic mode is selected.
Cleaning discharge time	Clearing discharge is carried out for a short period of time to burn fine dust on the surface of fiber. The running time of clearing discharge can be changed by modifying this element.
Re-discharge time	Some cases of splice loss could be enhanced by carrying out additional re-discharging. The running time of re-discharge can be changed by modifying this element.

## Modification of splice mode

Splice mode edit is used for users to set various splice modes that suit each individual work environment. The use and function of various parameters are explained below.

Parameter	Description
Fiber type	Splice mode list saved in the arc fusion splicer's database is displayed on the screen. The user can select a mode suitable for use. Used for editing by copying similar splice mode among splice modes saved in database.
Mode title 1	A splice mode is described in maximum 11 characters.
Mode title 2	Composed of maximum 11 characters, mode title 2 provides a more detailed explanation of a splice mode. It can be found in [Splice Mode].
Alignment	Sets fiber alignment method. "Core": Aligns fibers to the core position of both fibers. "Clad": Aligns fibers to the central position of clad.
Auto power	The maximum effect of discharge can be achieved when fibers have been aligned as close to the core center and less errors as possible.
Tensile strength test	If [Tensile Strength] is set to ON, a test is carried out when wind cover is opened after pressing SET.
Cleave angle range	Sets the error range of cleave angle. An error message appears when one of or both right and left cleave angle is measured to be bigger than the pre-set range limit.
Loss range	Sets the error range of estimated loss. An error message appears when an estimated loss is bigger than the pre-set range limit.
Limit of fiber angle	An error message appears when the bending area of two spliced fibers exceeds the pre-set range limit.
Clearing discharge time	When setting the cross section interval of fiber, a short discharge is carried out to rid fine dust on the surface of the fiber. The clearing time can be set at this parameter.

Interval	Sets the cross section interval between right and left during alignment and initial discharge period.
Central position	Sets the fiber position to the center of discharge. In case that MFD of right and left fibers is different, MFD splicing can be carried out by melting smaller MFD fiber. Splice loss can be improved by moving interval setting position from the center toward bigger MFD so that smaller MFD fiber could be heated more.
Initial discharge amount	Sets the amount of discharge from the beginning of charge to the movement of the fiber. If initial discharge amount is too low, it will result in bad cross section angle causing the offset of an axis. On the other hand, if is too high, splice loss rate increases due to too much burning or rounded shape of the fiber.
Initial discharge time	Sets the time of discharge from the beginning of charge to the movement of the fiber. The longer the initial discharge time is, the higher amount of initial discharge is.
Overlapping	Sets the amount of fibers' overlapping. It is recommended to set [Overlapping] rather shorter when [Initial discharge amount] is weak or [Initial discharge time] is shorter; however, it should be set to bigger when the amount or time is stronger or longer, respectively.
Discharge 1	Primary discharge can be adjusted in two stages. The first stage is discharge 1 and second is discharge 2. The first stage is set at this parameter.
Discharge time 1	Sets the time of discharge 1.
Discharge 2	Sets the second stage of discharge.
Discharge time 2	Sets the time of second discharge. Normally [Discharge 2] is set to OFF. Discharge time 1 and 2 longer than 30 seconds could damage discharge unit although it could be set to very long time.
Discharge time ON	Sets the ON time of Discharge 2. The discharge time should be set to ON to carry out re-discharge.



Discharge time OFF	Sets the time duration of Discharge 2's OFF. Sometimes, re-discharge could be halted when Discharge 2 is stopped. If a continuous re-discharge is required, set this parameter to OFF.
Re-discharge time	Sets re-discharge time. The same amount of re-discharge as [Discharge amount 2] is automatically set in [Splice Mode Edit]. The ON or OFF setting of Re-discharge is automatically decide by the setting of Discharge.
Pulling splice	Sometimes, the splice loss rate increases when the fiber becomes thinner. This function has set to ON. The shape of pulling is decided by following three parameters.
Waiting time until pulling	Sets the time from the end of fiber moving to the beginning of pulling the fiber.
Pulling speed	Sets the speed of pulling the fiber.
Pulling time	Sets the time duration of pulling the fiber.
Deviation	The total sum of initially measured splice loss value and increased loss. The splice of a special fiber or other type of fiber could result in a high loss rate although an optimized discharge condition has been applied. The minimum value of actual splice loss should be set to reconcile an actual splice loss value and estimated one.



Mode Title Insert / Footnotes / Password

Character list is displayed when selecting Mode Title / Footnote / Password

1 Select necessary letters using  $\Delta \nabla \triangleleft \triangleright$  and press Enter to confirm the selection.



2 Once character input is completed, move the cursor the [FINISH] and press Enter.

If a correct password is entered, the screen moves to next menu; however, if an incorrect one is input, the entered password is displayed again and screen moves to previous display.

## 2. Heater Mode

Heater mode is composed of 12 different modes. The most suitable heater mode needs to be selected before using a protection sleeve.

The type of protection sleeve is closely related to the tube heating function. The reference of this mode can be found in database. The user can put a mode into the user's program after editing and copying or can edit in user program mode.

### Database

Parameters	Description
S-160	To apply heat to standard 60mm sleeve. Ilsintech S-160
S-140	To apply heat to standard 40mm sleeve. Ilsintech S-140
28mm	To apply heat to standard 28mm sleeve.

## Heater mode selection

Selects the most appropriate heater mode for the fiber protection sleeve in use.

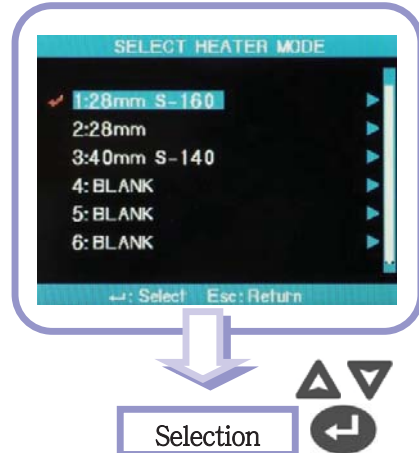
- 1 [Heater Mode Selection] menu is displayed when [Heater Mode Selection] is selected in main menu.

Heater mode selection



- 2 Select a heater mode using ▲ ▼ cursor and press Enter to set.

Heater mode selection



## Heater mode modification

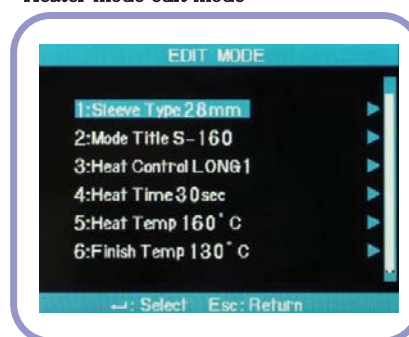
The tube heater settings saved in heater mode can be changed.

- 1 Select Edit mode in [Heater Mode Selection] menu using the cursor. [Heater Mode Edit] is displayed when **▶** is pressed.
- 2 Use **▲** or **▼** to move the cursor to the setting of a parameter to change and press Enter.
- 3 Move to the mode to use by pressing **◀** or **▶** and press ENTER.

[Heater mode menu selection]



Heater mode edit mode



Parameter	Description
Sleeve type	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sleeve type selection</li> <li>• All the contents in heater mode list are displayed.</li> <li>• Users can either copy program mode or select from the list.</li> </ul>
Method name 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Heater mode title is displayed at the right bottom on the screen during splicing and heating.</li> <li>• Maximum characters: 5</li> </ul>
Method name 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Describes the heater mode in the [Sleeve Type] screen.</li> <li>• Max characters: 13</li> </ul>
Heater adjustment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sets heater adjustment sequence.</li> <li>• LONG 1 : Use of 60mm protection sleeve.</li> <li>• LONG 2 : Use of 60mm protection sleeve for the fiber which has been cut to 8mm and coated with Ny.</li> <li>• MIDDLE : Use of 40mm protection sleeve</li> <li>• MICRO 1 : Use of micro sleeve for the fiber of which external diameter is 900<math>\mu</math>m.</li> <li>• MICRO 2 : 34mm micro sleeve or a little longer sleeve</li> <li>• MICRO 3 : 34mm micro sleeve or a little shorter sleeve</li> </ul>
Heating time	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sets heater time</li> <li>• Heating time is automatically adjusted depending on the surrounding temperature. Heater time could be set to be longer or shorter than the time set in [Heater Time].</li> </ul>
Heater temperature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sets heater temperature.</li> <li>• Ny coated fiber is used after being cut to 8mm at over 190°C of [Heater Temperature].</li> </ul>
Finishing temperature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sets finishing temperature.</li> <li>• Sleeve can be removed after finishing heating.</li> <li>• [Caution] Higher finishing temperature will let buzzer sound before sleeve cools down. If the sleeve is removed from the tube heater at over 100°C, the fiber remaining at the splicing position might be deformed.</li> </ul>



- Set below 180°C when heating standard sleeve.
- not set longer than 120 seconds of high temperature (over 150°C) heating time.
- Set the temperature below 150°C when using it continuously.

### 3. Calibration of Arc-discharge

Arc-discharge current needs to be calibrated in accordance with the changes in temperature, humidity and air pressure of surrounding area. Temperature, humidity and air pressure sensors are useful in calibrating arc-discharge depending on external conditions.

The changes of arc-discharge current caused by the wear of electrodes and fiber splicing operation are not calibrated automatically.

In addition, the central axis could be moved to either right or left side. Such case will affect the splice position of fiber, hence calibration is required.



[Arc-discharge Calibration] is a function to adjust the “element” value of arc-discharge current. The element value is used in the operation program for splicing. In addition, calibrated value of arc-discharge current cannot be changed in splice mode.

#### Calibration procedure

- 1 Select [Stabilize Electrodes] in [Splice Menu] to display calibration screen.
- 2 Place cleaved fibers into the arc fusion splicer.



- In general SM or DS type fiber is used for calibrating arc-discharge current.
- Use a clean fiber because dust on the fiber surface may affect calibration result.

- 3 Press  key.

Arc-discharge is carried out after aligning the fiber. The arc-discharge current is adjusted in accordance with arc-discharge status.




Initial cleave angle is not related to the parameter “cleave loss” in splice mode. The initial cleave angle can be set independently for the purpose of controlling arc-discharge current..

- 4 When measuring is done, following result is displayed on the screen.

**“Calibration complete” message**

Means arc-discharge current calibration and setting splice position has been successfully completed. Press Esc to close the function.

**“Test Again” Message**

Means calibration and position setting have been done but arc-discharge needs to be carried out again because huge difference occurs after calibration. Prepare a new fiber and re-conduct wind cover after pressing  key. Even if the calibration is not completed, it could be cancelled by pressing ESC key.



In general, many times of re-arc-discharge are required to get a successful result or “Calibration complete” message. If many times of re-arc-discharge have been carried out, it can be considered that almost a successful result has been achieved even if no completion message is displayed.

Select [Stabilize Electrodes]



Arc-discharge current calibration



Completion of Arc-discharge current calibration

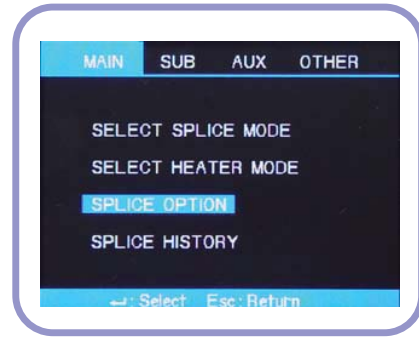


### 3. Optional Splice Function

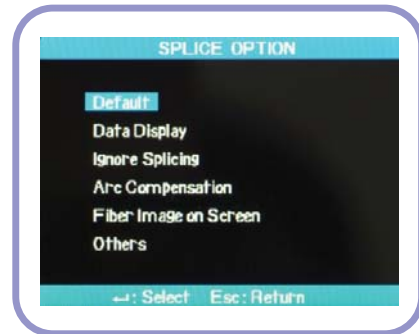
Allows setting general parameters of every mode for splicing and tube heater operation.

- 1 Select [Splice Option] in main menu to display menu list for splice on the screen.
- 2 Users are allowed changing some of the parameters.
- 3 Use **▶** or **◀** key to select required value and press **ENTER** to confirm the selection.

Splice option



Splice setting



## Menu setting

Parameter	Description
Auto Run	Automatic splice is carried out when “Auto Run” is set to ON. The splicing process is carried out automatically when wind cover is closed after placing fibers into the equipment.
Pause 1	If “Pause 1” is set to ON, the splicing operation is stopped after completing the fibers interval setting. The splicing is resumed when SET button is pressed. Cleave angle is displayed during pause time.
Pause 2	If “Pause 1” is set to ON, the splicing operation is stopped after completing the fibers alignment. The arc-discharge splicing is resumed when Arc button is pressed.
Data Display	
Cleave angle	If it is set to ON, the right and left cleave angles of the fiber are measured and displayed on the screen.
Axis deviation	If it is set to ON, the measured values of alignment deviation of core and clad are displayed.

## 4. Splice Result Saving

This equipment has memory space in which more than 2000 splice results can be saved. The data can be saved independently within slice mode.

### Splice result display

Splice results saved in the memory can be displayed, added and edited.



Saved data can be downloaded to PC.



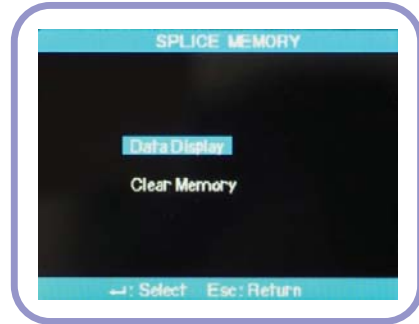
1 Select [Splice Memory] in main menu.

Splice result saving



2 Select [Data Display]. And find a required item among displayed splice results. Press Enter.

Splice result setting



3 Move the cursor to the memory number of the data to be displayed to set a memory number.

When data is displayed on the screen, press Enter key again.

Press **▶** to open [Move to]. Set a memory number and press Enter key.



4 Splice result data is displayed on the screen.



## Deleting splice result





A part of or an entire splice result saved in the memory can be deleted.

- 1 Select [Clear Memory] in [Splice Memory] to display menu for deleting splice results.

### Clearing entire splice results

- 2 Move to [Clear All Data] and press Enter. Yes or No selection appears.
- 3 If Enter key is pressed one more time, entire splice results are removed

### Clearing a part of splice results

- 2 Select [Clear Part Memory] and press Enter key to move to [Clear Part Memory] menu.
- 3 Set the range of data (from the start number to the last number to be removed) using     and press Enter to delete those selected ones. The empty space after clearing is filled with the first data coming after the last data deleted.



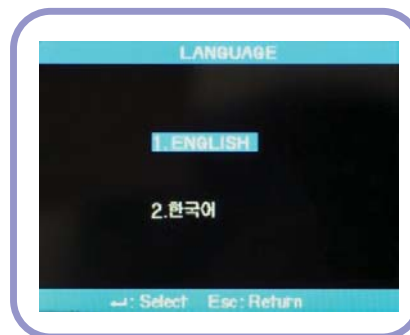
## VIII. Sub-menu

This menu is composed of a set of sub menu, each of which controls detailed function of the equipment.



- 1 Press menu key and cursor to move sub-menu.
- 2 Each setting can be selected and modified.



### 1. Language



#### Language change

- 1 Select Language in sub-menu and press 
- 2 Select required language format and press 

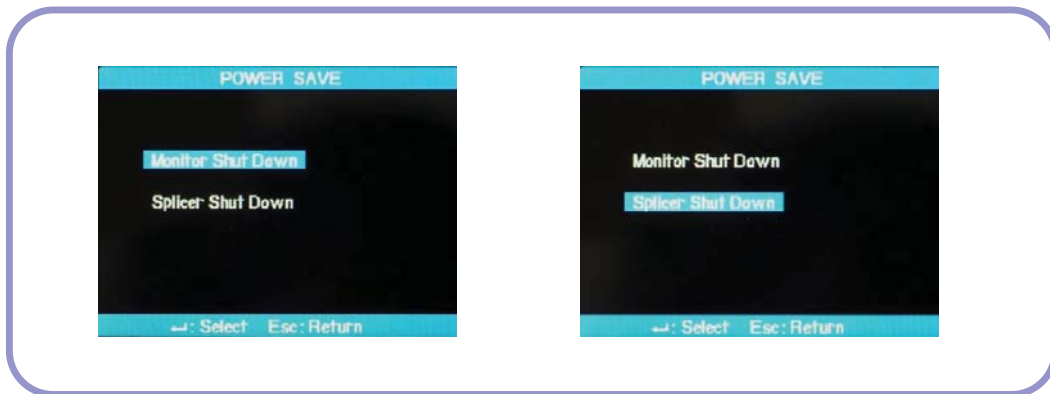
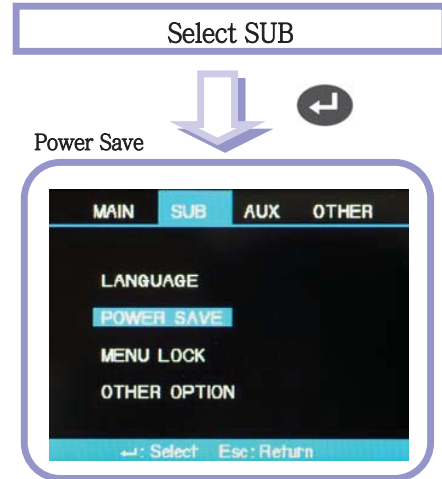
## 2. Power Saving Function


Power saving function is essential for energy preservation. It is recommend to set power saving function to increase the number of splice carried out by the battery packs.

Following functions can be set.


### Setting power saving function

- 1 Insert power supply unit into the equipment and turn on the power.
- 2 Select Power Save in the menu.
- 3 Select power saving option for both monitor and arc fusion splicer.




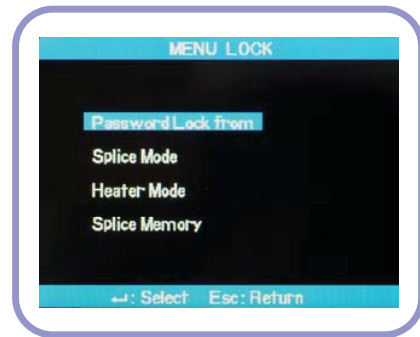
Option	Description
Monitor Shut Down	The power of LCD monitor is cut off if the equipment is not activated for a certain period of time. It is very important to activate this function when using battery packs.. When the monitor is turned off, press  to turn on the screen.
Splicer Shut Down	The power of arc fusion splicer is cut off if the equipment is not activated for a certain period of time.

### 3. Menu Lock

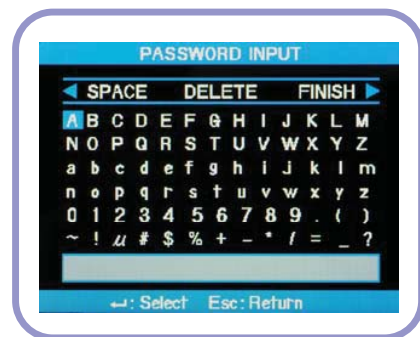
- 1 Select Menu Lock in [Sub Menu] and  press the Enter Key.




- 2 Select password and press  key. Create a password by moving the cursor and press finish key to set or cancel the menu lock. If you select password locked, following items cannot be modified.

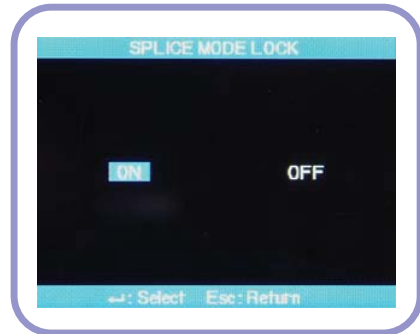
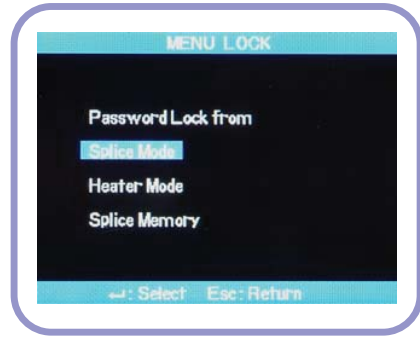


Initial password is as 0000 in the factory.

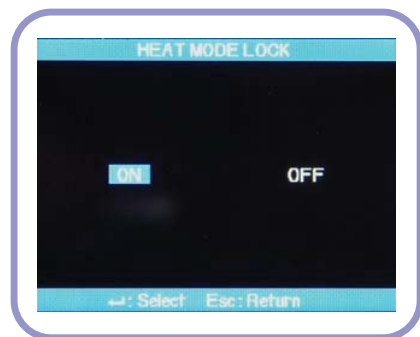
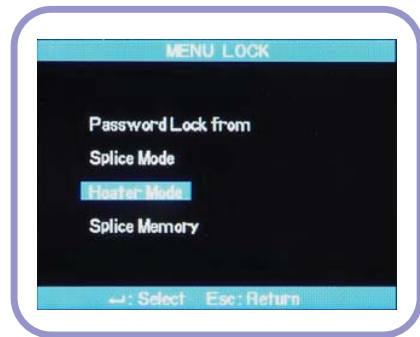


- 3 Select Splice Mode and press  key. Then you will be able to set or cancel menu lock in the menu appeared.

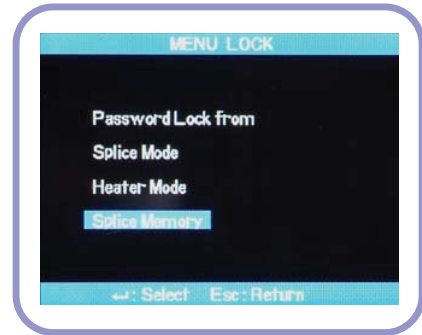
If you choose Yes, whenever you are trying to modify parameters or settings of splice mode, “Password Locked” is displayed. The modification cannot be completed.



- 4 If you choose Heater Mode, the menu lock for heater mode can be set. If you choose Yes, no change in heater mode settings can be made.



- 5 If you choose Splice Memory and Yes, deleting splice results cannot be made.



Even if password locked is set to Yes, unless the lock of each mode is set Yes, modification of each mode is not locked.



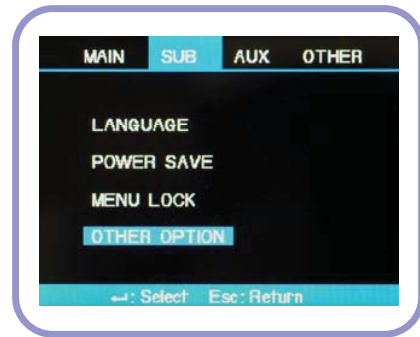
## 4. Other Option

In other option in sub menu, additional functions can be set.

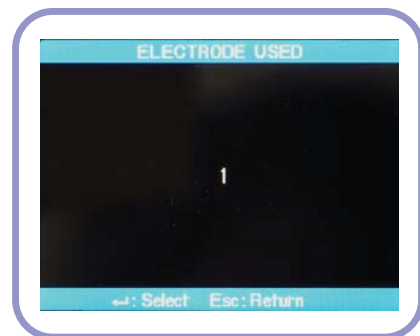
- 1 Password change and buzzer sound change can be made in System Setting.



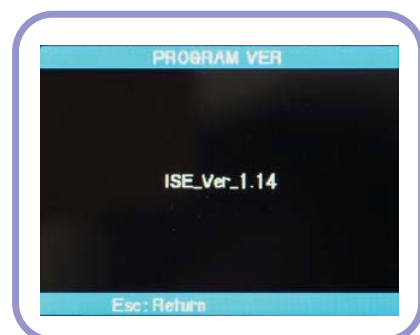
Do not forget the password you've created, if you forget it, the equipment should be sent to the factory to initialize the password.



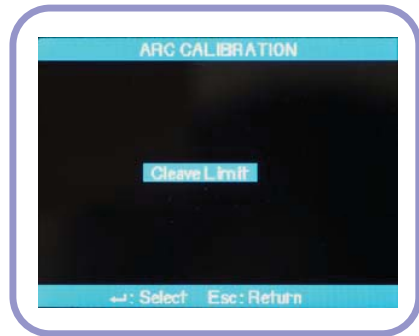
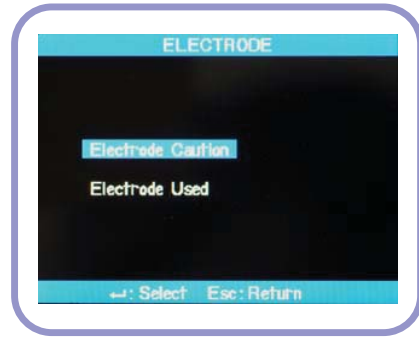
- 2 If you choose Electrode Caution, you can confirm the warning setting for electrodes replacement period and arc-discharge frequency.



- 3 Program version shows the current version of operation program.



- 4 Arc-discharge calibration allows setting angle limit upon calibrating discharge



## IX. Sub Menu

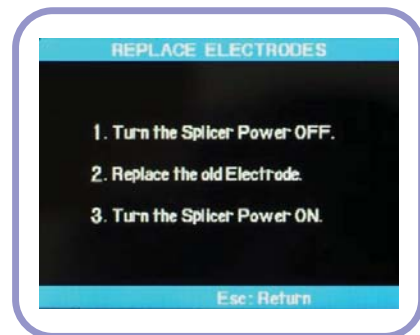
### 1. Electrode Replacement

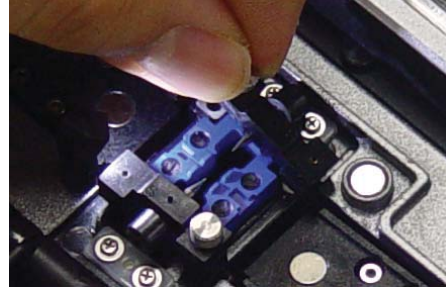
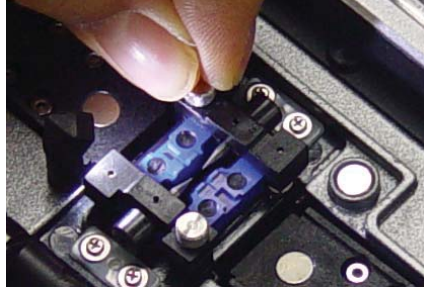
The equipment needs to be cleaned in a regular manner as electrodes are being worn off and silica oxide particles are deposited continuously. It is recommended to set the replacement period to 2,000 times of discharge.

When the discharge count exceeds 2,000 times, a message to request for the replacement of electrodes appears. In that case, turn off the power and replace them. Continuous use of the machine without replacing electrodes will increase splice loss rate and affect the quality of spliced point.

#### Replacement procedure

- 1 Turn off the power.
- 2 Loosen the cover handle of electrode.
- 3 Carefully take out electrodes.
- 4 Clean carefully new electrodes with a cotton swab wet in alcohol and mount them to the splicer.





- (i) Correctly place an electrode into the V-groove of electrode base.
- (ii) Fix electrode cover by tightening screws.



- Be careful not to damage the electrodes while replacing them.
- Turn the handle while pressing electrode cover at a correct position.

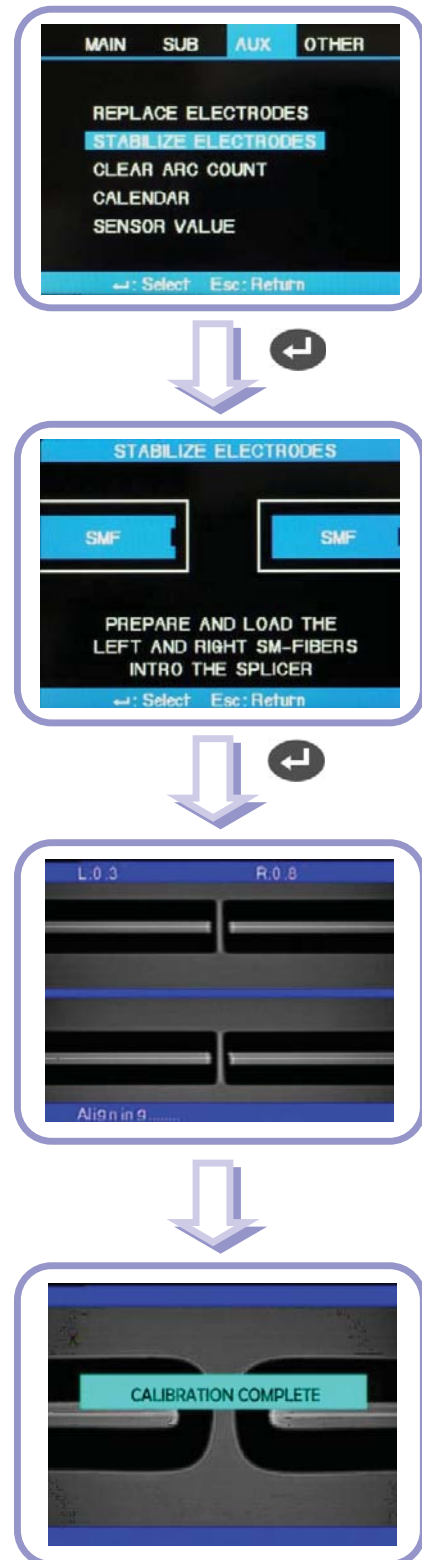
- 5 Turn on the power and set a fiber. Press Enter. After carrying out the calibration of arc-discharge current, repeat arc-discharge about 4 times to stabilize the new electrodes.
- 6 Repeat arc-discharge calibration after completing a discharge until "TEXT FINISH" appears.

## 2. Electrode Stabilization

Sometimes, splice loss rate grows due to unstable arc-discharge current caused by surrounding environmental factors. Users need to understand that it takes quite a time for the arc fusion splicer to generate stabilized arc-discharge when it is used in high or low position. So it is necessary to continue adjust arc-discharge current until it is stabilized. When measurement is completed, “Calibration Completed” message appears; it means [Arc-discharge Calibration] has been successfully

### Process

- 1 Select [Stabilize Electrode].
- 2 Place fibers into the splicer to conduct splicing operation.
- 3 Press Enter to activate electrode stabilization process.
- 4 Stabilization is completed when entire process of [Arc-discharge calibration] is done.



### 3. Clearing Arc-discharge Count

Users can clear the record of arc-discharge count.

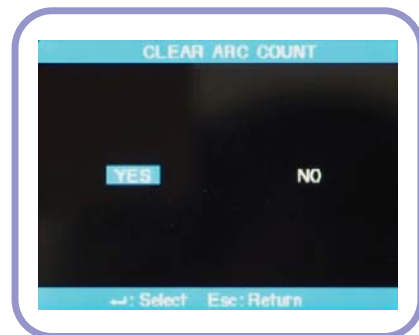
- 1 Select [Clear Arc Count].



- 2 Select Yes and press Enter to delete the record.



This is a function required to be done after replacing electrodes.

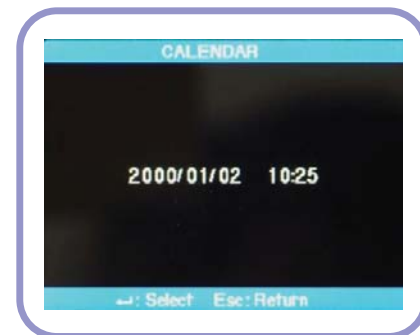


## 4. Date and Time Setting

Users can set the date and time when data is saved in the equipment.

### Procedure

- 1 Select [Calendar].
- 2 Use ◀ or ▶ key to browse year, month, day and time while ▲ or ▼ key is used for setting figures.
- 3 When setting is done, press Enter to save the setting values of date and time.



## 5. Sensor Value

Various sensors are used in the equipment to display current temperature, air pressure, humidity and battery voltage.








## X. Menu Management

### 1. Pop-up Menu Setting

Splice mode and heater mode, which are frequently used, can be registered as a pop-up menu so that mode change to those functions can be done promptly by pressing up or down key.


Press  or  key

⇒ Select necessary mode and press  key to apply the selection. Press Esc to return.




#### Registration

##### 1 Splice mode registration.

Press Menu Key → Select Splice Mode → Move to the mode to register → Press Set Key → Pop-up menu registration box appears → select necessary number using up and down keys →  Press → Registration completed

##### 2 Heater mode registration

Press Menu Key → Select Heater Mode → Press Set Key → Pop-up menu registration box appears → select necessary number using up and down keys →  Press → Registration completed



## 2. Setting Automatic Heater

---

It is a convenient function when continuously splice works have to be carried out. When wind cover is opened after completing a splice operation, heater is activated for a set time period.

Menu Key → Main Menu → Select splice sub menu → Basic → Set or cancel by selecting ON or OFF in auto heat.

## 3. Setting or Canceling Error

---

Users can either set or cancel errors that are not affecting splicing operation.

Menu Key → Main Menu → Select Splice Sub Menu → Ignore Splice Error → Select ON or OFF for each item

## XI. Error Message

### 1. Fiber Contamination

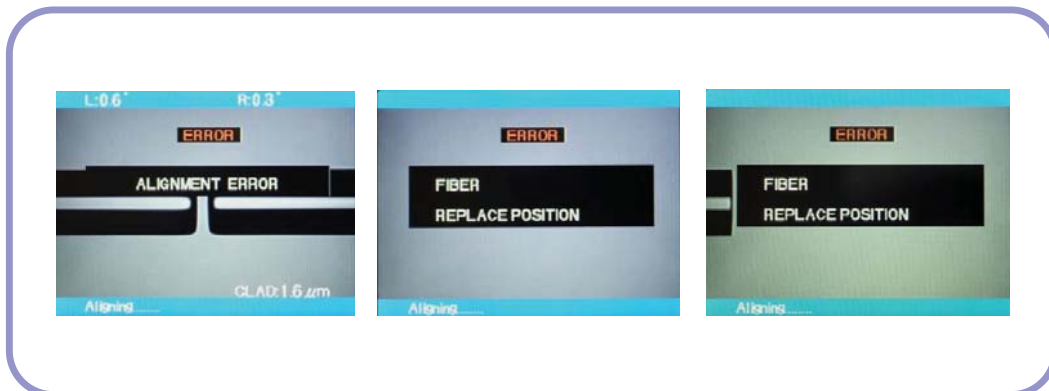
An error message that indicates that there are foreign substances on the prepared optical fibers more than normal limit.

⇒ Clean the fibers and set again.



### 2. Alignment Error

An error message appears when the fibers are not placed in the middle of electrodes and V-groove or object lenses or prism is stained.



⇒ Press Reset button and correctly re-place the fibers in the middle of electrodes and V-groove.

⇒ Check and clean the condition of lenses and prism.

### 3. Optical fiber is too long

It appears when fibers are placed too close to electrodes or LED light is not bright enough due to stains on the lenses or prism.

- ⇒ Press Reset button and correctly re-place the fibers.
- ⇒ Clean the condition of lenses and prism
- ⇒ Conduct LED examination, if there is an error, contact Ilsintech.



### 4. Cleave angle is too big

It appears when the measured value of fiber cleave angle is bigger than angle limit.

- ⇒ Check the condition of fiber cleaver and reset the fiber.
- ⇒ Check the limit of cleave angle.



### 5. Splice loss rate is too big

It appears when the estimated loss value is bigger than loss limit.

- ⇒ Check the loss limit setting.



## 6. Fiber is too thin

---

It appears when the spliced part is thinner than reference value after conducting splice.

- ⇒ Reduce the length to pull in the pulling splice menu.
- ⇒ Check whether arc-discharge is too strong or discharge time is too long.

## 7. Fiber is too thick

---

It appears when the spliced part is too thick after conducting splice.

- ⇒ Reduce the overlapping setting value.
- ⇒ Check whether arc-discharge is too weak or discharge time is too short.

## 8. Bubbles

---

It appears when bubbles or dots are generated on the spliced part after splicing.

- ⇒ Check fiber cleaver.
- ⇒ Clean V-Groove.
- ⇒ Check electrodes.

## XII. Problem solving

After splicing, if loss rate is too big or any abnormal results are discovered, do as instructed below;

### 1. Loss rate is too big

1 It could be caused by dust or foreign substances on the surface of fiber.

- Sufficiently clean the surface of fiber.
- Do not clean the fiber after cutting to prevent the cross section being stained.
- Do not slide the fiber in to V-groove.
- Set the fiber at the V-groove by placing it vertically.

2 Foreign substances in V-groove will hinder a correct alignment.

- Maintain V-Groove and fiber holder in a clean condition at all times.

3 Bad electrode condition

- An electrode has to be replaced if it is worn off or its tip is bent or contaminated.

4 Improper arc-discharge current or discharge time

- Check the discharge current and time and set it again to a proper value.
- Initial setting values are the most optimized settings.

5 Incorrect splice mode

- Check whether a proper splice mode for a specific fiber type has been selected.

## 2. Abnormal Splicing Operation

---

### 1 Alignment operation is continued

- Open wind cover and close it again.
- Open wind cover to generate an error. Press reset button and turn off the power. Contact Ilsintech.

### 2 “Optical fiber is too long” error occurs continuously.

- Reset and turn off the power. Contact Ilsintech.

### 1. Self Diagnosis Test

The operational status of the functions of SWIFT F3 can be tested by a simple self-diagnosis test.

#### Procedure

- 1 Place a fiber into the equipment and select [Self Diagnosis] in the menu.  
Check following matters

	Item	Description
1	LED test	Examines the brightness of LED.
2	Motor test	Examines the operational condition of each motor.
3	Dust test	Examines whether there are foreign substances or dust on the fiber surface.

- 2 The result of the tests is displayed on the screen. Clean the object lenses if necessary. But if foreign substances are not removed by cleaning lenses, it could be a problem in the path of optical transmission. If it happens, contact Ilsintech. Dust test and LED test are located in [Other Menu].

### 2. Dust Test

Users can observe the fiber through visual processing. Dust or stains on the camera, lenses or wind cover prism could cause a wrong splice result by hindering normal observation of the fiber.

This test allows the user to check the condition of optical fiber path and to decide whether the contamination is serious enough to cause a problem in splicing.



## Procedure

- 1 Select [Dust Test] in [Other].
- 2 If fibers are placed inside the equipment, remove them and press Enter to start examination.
- 3 After test, if “ERROR” message appears, clean wind cover prism and object lenses. Conduct [Dust Test] again. Refer to “Splice quality maintenance” page for the way to clean them.
- 4 Press Esc key to stop dust test.



If the user cannot remove dust on the wind cover prism or object lenses after cleaning them, contact IIsintech.

## 3. Motor Operation

Two motors in the equipment can be running separately and manually. In addition, motors, which are in [Pause 1] and [Pause 2], can be activated by opening this menu during splicing operation.

- 1 Select [Run Motor]
- 2 Select different motor using ▼ or ▲ button. The name of the selected motor is displayed at the top of the screen.
- 3 Run the selected motor to a required direction using ◀ or ▶ button.

Motor	◀	▶
ZL/ZR	Backward movement	Forward movement
X/Y	Moves fiber downward.	Moves fiber upward
X CAM Y CAM	Moves the lens away from fiber.	Moves the lens close to fiber

## 4. Maintenance Information

---

When [Maintenance Information] is selected, below information appears.

Parameter	Description
Production Date	Shows the year, month and date when the equipment was produced.
Arc-discharge Count	The number of discharges done after replacing electrodes. It can be initialized to '0' by executing [Clear Arc Count].
Total Arc-discharge Count	Shows the total arc-discharge count of the equipment.
Last Maintenance Date	Shows the most previous maintenance date.
Next Maintenance Date	Shows the next maintenance schedule.

## XIV. Frequently Asked Questions

### 1. Power Supply

- 1 Cannot turn off the power by pressing the power button.

Press the switch and hold it about 1 second before releasing.

- 2 Unable to carry out many splicing works with fully charged battery packs.

If the user is not using power saving function, the power consumption is huge. Refer to [Power Save] for more information. If a battery pack has been kept for a long period without being used, charge the battery fully before utilizing it.

A battery pack has its operation life, replace old batteries with new ones. Since the battery packs are operated based on chemical reactions, the electric energy of the battery decrease and dramatically drops, in particular, at below zero temperatures. Also, the electric consumption for splicing increase in high altitude, hence the use time of a battery pack drops in such occasion.

If a battery pack is not fully charge, refer to following instructions.

- 3 While a battery is being charged, "Red" LED on the AC charger blinks

Disconnect AC power code and connect it again in 10 to 15 seconds.

This incident could happen when a battery is charged when air temperature is too high or under direct sunlight. Another case is that the battery pack is damaged or its service life has been over. If LED is still blinking when charging a new battery pack, contact IIsintech.

- 4 LED of charger is not turned on.

Disconnect AC power code and connect DC code to the charging jack for 10 to 15 seconds. And connect AC power code again.

- 5 Remaining battery capacity is not displayed.

Charge battery packs



Connect DC Jack first and apply AC power upon charging.

- 6 Remaining battery is not displayed properly.

Use the indicator only as a reference. It could happen due to abnormal operation of battery indicator.

## 2. Splice

- 1 An error message appears on the screen.

Refer to [Error Message List].

- 2 Irregular / high splice loss rate.

Clean V-groove, fiber holder, room mirror, object lenses in accordance with [Splice Quality Maintenance]. Refer to “estimated high loss” in the [Error Message List].

If the fiber is bent or twisted, place the bent part upward. Cleave angle, arc-discharge conditions and cleanness of fiber affect the loss rate. If the loss rate still is high after conducting above measures, contact Ilsintech. An annual maintenance and repair are required for maintaining good splice quality.

- 3 Verification of splice procedure

Refer to [Splice Procedure].

- 4 Monitor is suddenly turned off.

Press Menu key and check power saving settings.

- 5 The equipment is suddenly turned off.

Turn on the equipment and check power saving settings.

6 How to change the error limit values of cleave angle, splice loss and fiber angle?

Refer to [Splice Mode Edit].

7 Error message can be ignored.

Refer to [Splice Other Option].

8 Cannot adjust arc-discharge current and time.

Those two factors cannot be changed in SM, NZ, MM or auto mode. Proper arc-discharge current can be maintained in these modes by [Arc-discharge Calibration]. It is set automatically to prevent the change of discharge current and time if it is used in other mode.

9 How to set pause?

Refer to [Splice Other Option].

10 How to display cleave angle, fiber angle and core/clad deviation?

Refer to [Splice Other Option].

11 Difference between estimated splice loss and measured splice loss.

Use estimated splice loss only as a reference purpose because it is a calculated result. Optical parts of the equipment should be maintained in a clean condition at all times. In case of splicing special types of fiber, adjust [MFD-Left] and [MFD-Right]. When different types of fiber are to be spliced, [Minimum Loss] and [MFD Difference] should be adjusted. Refer to the parameter settings of other splice mode saved in database to set parameters.

12 ON/OFF discharge should be applied for re-discharge in case of using a special mode.

Set [Arc-discharge 2 ON Time] to 500 and [Arc-discharge 2 OFF Time] to OFF.  
Refer to [Splice Mode Edit]

### 3. Tube Heater Operation

---

- 1 Fiber protection sleeve is not fully contracted.

Increase heating time. Refer to [Heater Mode Edit].

- 2 Heater is overheated.

Stop the operation of the heater by pressing heater key and turn off the power.  
Contact the manufacturer.

- 3 Fiber protection sleeve is stuck to the heating plate after being contracted.

Use a cotton swab or similar matter to push or remove the sleeve.

- 4 How to initialize heating conditions of heater mode?.

Refer to [Heater Mode Edit].

- 5 How to cancel heating process?.

Press Heat key times to cancel heating. It cannot be cancelled by pressing Reset key.

## 4. Management

---

- 1 How to prevent modifying function list?

Refer to [Menu Lock].

- 2 How to lock the “splice”, “Edit” or heater mode?

Refer to [Menu Lock].

- 3 Password is lost.

Contact Ilsintech.

## 5. Other Settings

---

- 1 [Arc-discharge calibration] is repeated many times until “Test Completion” is displayed.

More calibration is required when surrounding environment is radically changed or after electrodes are replaced.

- 2 “Test Completion” is not displayed even though the calibration has been repeated many times.

Activate [Stabilize Electrode] in [Maintenance Menu]. If it doesn't work, replace electrodes according to [Electrode Replacement] function.

- 3 No change in arc-discharge current after calibration

Arc-discharge changes internal elements. The arc-discharge amount displayed in each splice mode is not changed.

Calibration result affects entire splice modes.

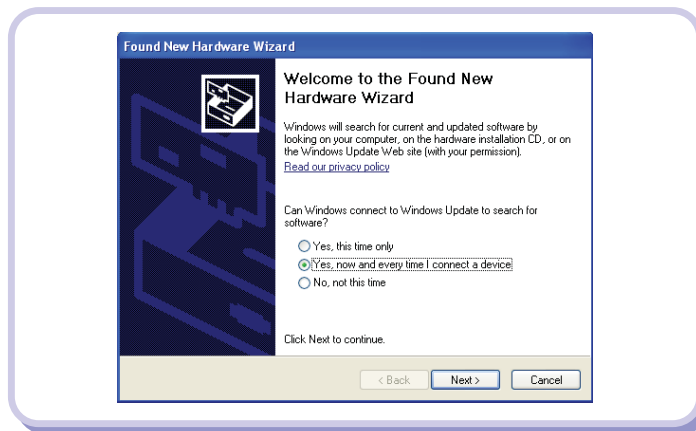
## X V. PC Program Installation

### 1. Installation Procedure

- 1 Copy “FTDRIVER” to PC and save it.
- 2 Connect the equipment to PC with a USB cable.
- 3 New hardware is found and USB Serial Port Driver is installed.

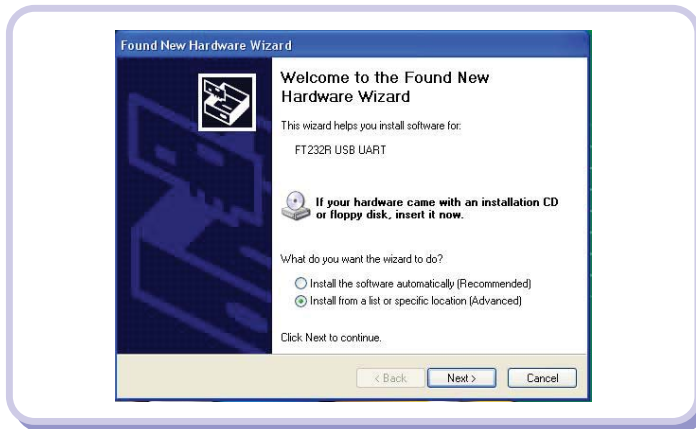


- 4 Hardware update wizard is activated. Select “Yes, now and every time…” and click Next.

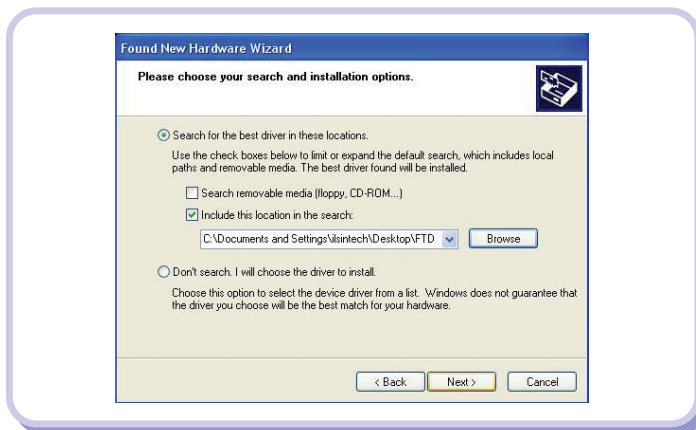


- 5 Select “Install from a list or …” and click Next.

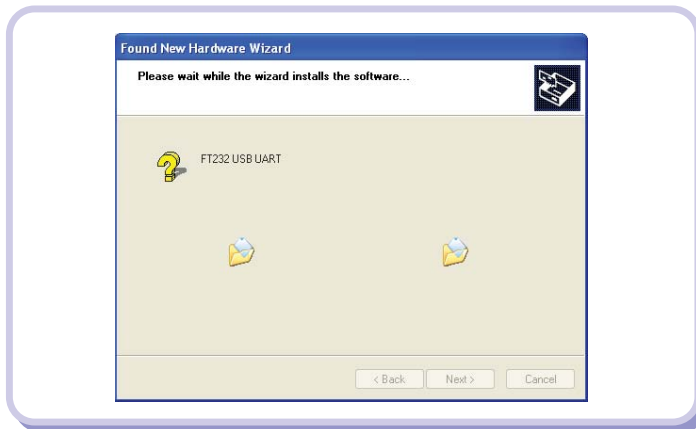




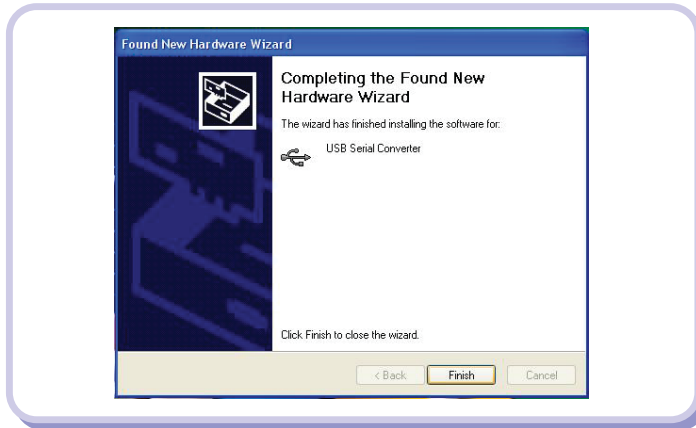
6 Select “Search for the best…” and “Include this location…” as shown below and click Browse to find the location when FTDRIVER is saved.



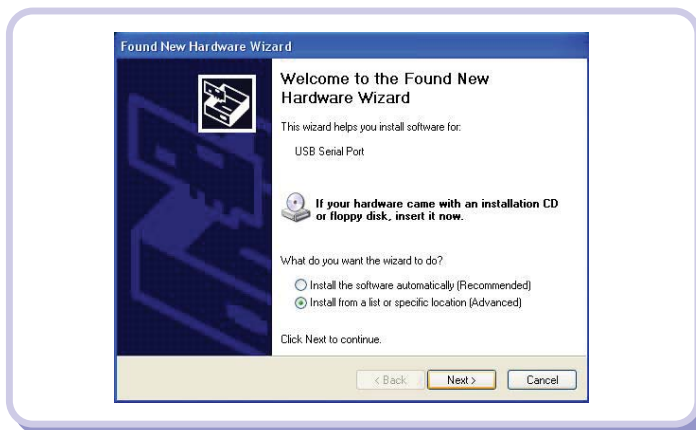
7 When clicked Next below screen appears.



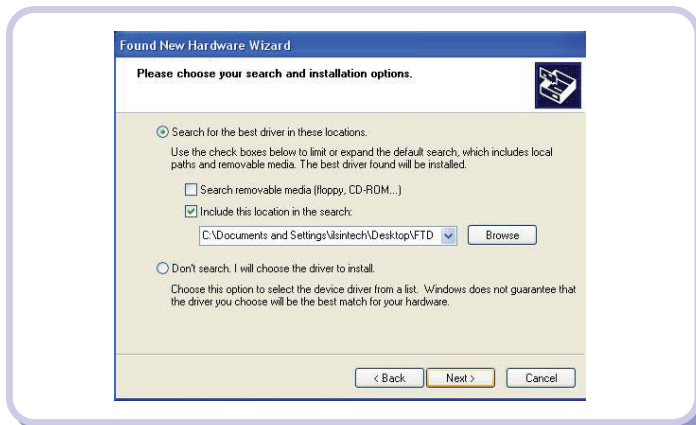
8 Click Finish .



9 When the installation of USB Serial Converter Driver is completed, Hardware update wizard is activated again.



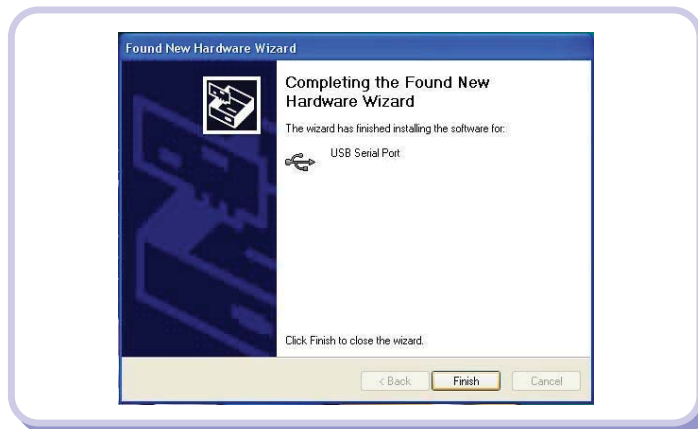
10 Select "Search for the best..." and "Include this location..." as shown below and click Browse to find the location when FTDRIVER is saved.



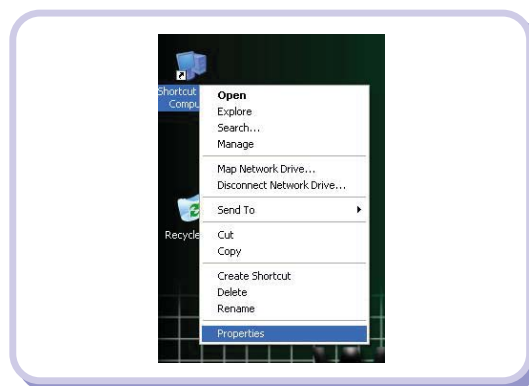
- 11 When clicked Next below screen appears.



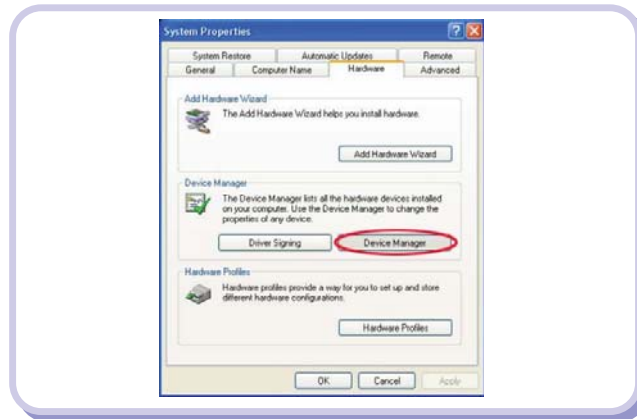
- 12 Click Finish to complete the installation of USB Serial Port.



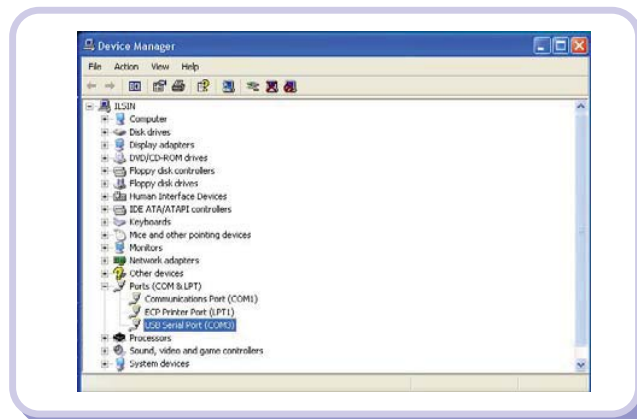
- 13 Select My PC and click mouse right button and select Properties..



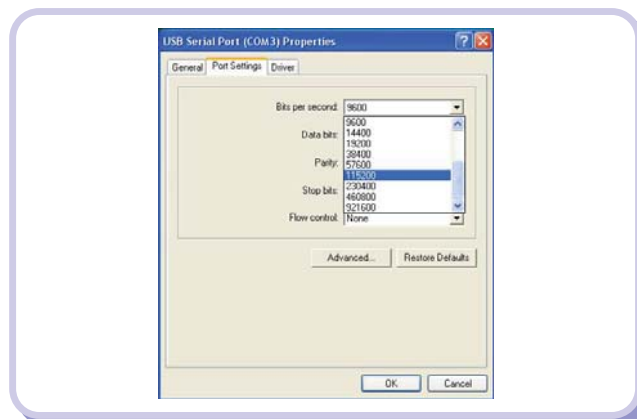
- 14 Select [Hardware] tap and click [Device Manager].



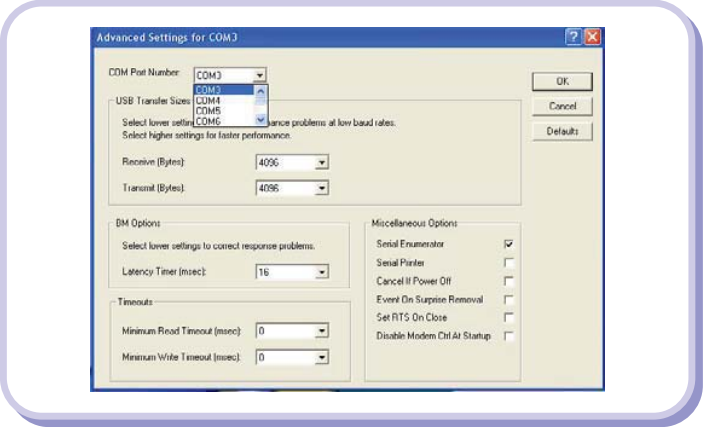
- 15 Click [Port (COM & LPT)] and select "USB Serial Port".



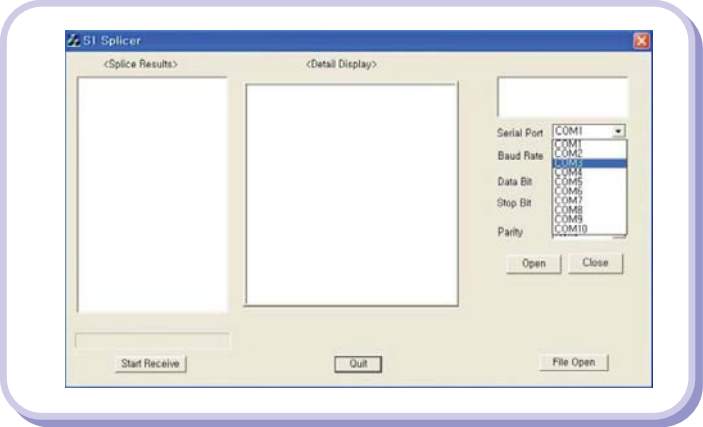
- 16 In the "USB Serial Port Properties" window, set the speed of Bits per second to 115200.



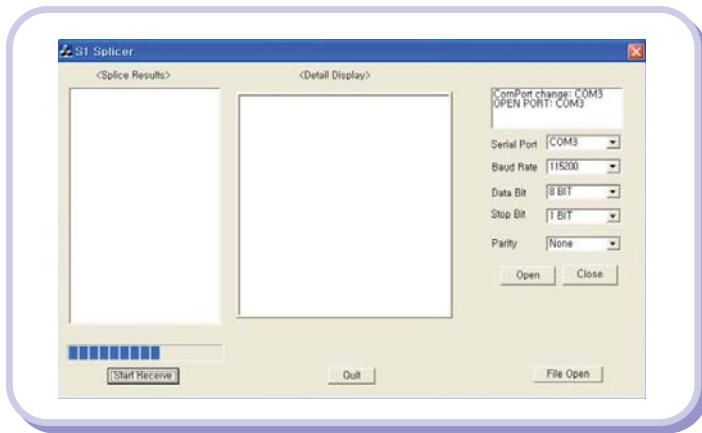
- 17 In “Advanced Setting for COMx” window, click “COM Port Number” and select the port to be used in COM3 ~ COM10 Port. Click Ok and confirm the selection.



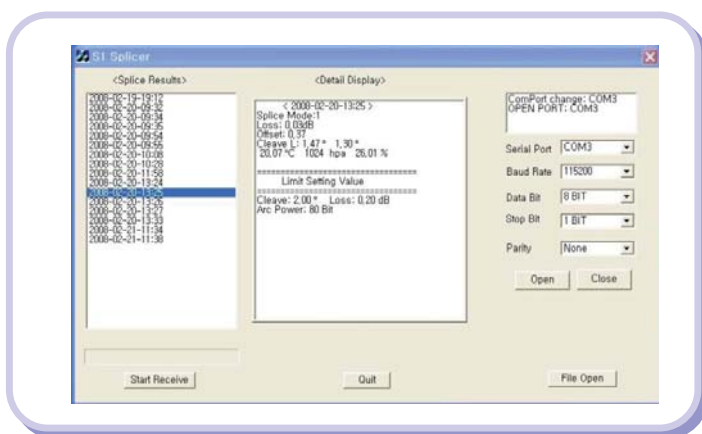
- 18 Activate F3 Splicer program and select COMx Port as the serial port, which has been decided in device manager setting.



19 Click “Open” and activate Start Receive. Following screen appears.



20 When splice data of the equipment is transmitted to PC, data is displayed in <Splice Results> window in chronological order. Detailed data can be shown in <Detail Display> window when an item is clicked. Splice results are recorded as F3.txt in the folder where F3 Splicer program is installed or on the desktop..



## XVI. Warranty Period and Contact

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### 1. Warranty Period and Limit of Responsibility

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If an Arc fusion splicer is broken within one year from delivery, it will be repaired by the manufacturer for free. However, the buyer will be charged for the repair regardless of the warranty period if the breakage or damage incurred due to.

- 1 natural disaster,
- 2 application of abnormal high frequency voltage,
- 3 negligent handling,
- 4 handling or maintenance not meeting the operational procedures or instructions presented in service manual and
- 5 breakage of or damage to consumables such as electrodes, etc.

### 2. Before sending the equipment

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please contact Ilsintech first.

### 3. For more effective maintenance and repair of the equipment,

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- 1 buyers should include a note which contains  
(Name, department, company, address, telephone no, Fax no, e-mail address)
- 2 arc fusion splicer's serial no and
- 3 error messages appeared when an incident or breakage occurred. Possibly with a brief explanation of the symptoms or reasons for repair including the condition and time of incident, current condition and monitor condition, etc.

#### 4. Transport of the equipment

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Since this arc fusion splicer is high-precision equipment, it is required to protect it from moisture, shake or physical impact by transporting it after keeping in a carrier case. When requesting for repair service, please, make sure that the body with components is sent in a carrier case.

#### 5. Repair

---

Data saved in memory such as splice result could be erased during the repairing process.



## Warranty Card

Name of Product		SWIFT F3		
Production Number				
Purchase Date				
Customer	Name		Telephone	
	Address			

◆ The manufacturer warrants that

1. this product is produced under the company's strict production management and inspection process,
2. any of breakage or damage can be repaired for free for 1 year from the purchase date; however, the buyer will be charged for repair cost within warranty period if the damage or breakage occurs due to the reasons belonging to paid services and
3. this product is high-precision equipment. It is always required to keep the equipment in a carrier case to protect it from moisture, shake or physical impact.
4. Please, submit this warranty card when repairing service is required.

◆ Paid Service

- The buyer will be charged for repairing service (labor cost, parts purchase and travel expenses) even if the product's warranty period has not been expired yet if the breakage or damage is made due to

1. natural disaster,
2. application of abnormal high frequency voltage,
3. negligent handling or
4. handling or maintenance not meeting the operational procedures or instructions presented in service manual.
5. In case that seal cover is broken

※ Please contact the manufacturer's A/S center for more information.